





MMF

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Community Atmosphere Model  
CAM T42 L26

CRM  
domain: 64x24  
8192 CRMs





Coupling

Step Start  
 $T^n$

**DyCore**  
 $T^* = T^n + (dT)_{dyn}$

$T^{n+1} = F(T^n, T^{***})$

**CRM/Radiation**  
Forcing:  $(T^* - T_c^n) / dt$   
 $(dT)_{crm} = T_c^{n+1} - T^*$   
 $T^{**} = T^* + (dT)_{crm}$

**Land/Ocean/Ice/Diff/PBL/  
etc.**  
 $T^{***} = T^{**} + (dT)_{sfc}$



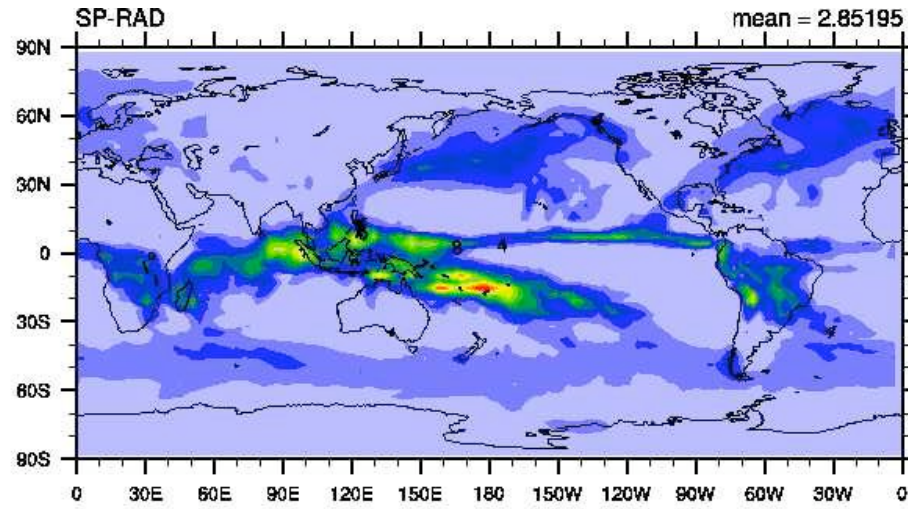
## Cases (about 500-days each)

CAM-SLD	Standard physics
SP-NOR	SP with "original" coupling ("non-interactive radiation")
SP-RAD	SP with radiation transfer ("interactive radiation")
SP-SNW	Same as SP-RAD, but ice-to-snow aggregation rate is increased ten-fold ("microphysics")
SP-99	Same as SP-SNW, but for Sep. 1998-Jan. 2000 SSTs
SP-DRAG	Cloud-scale surface drag

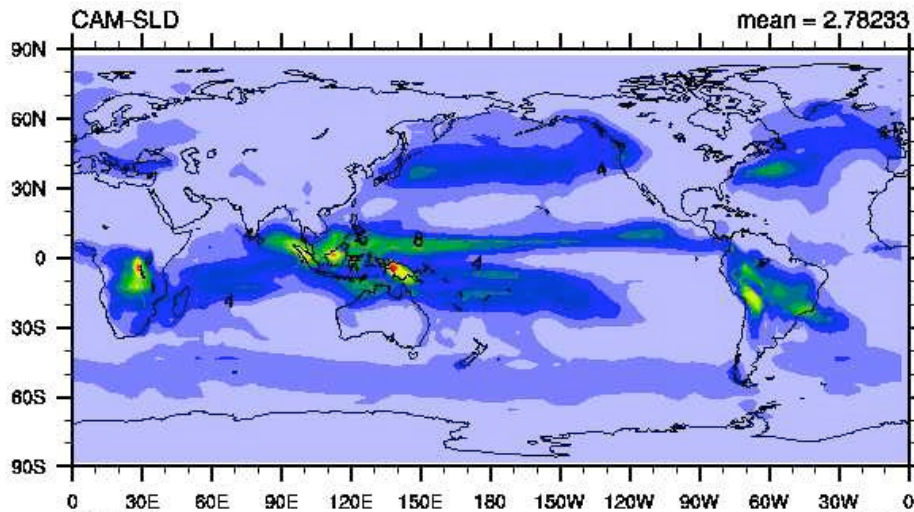


# DJF Precipitation Rate, mm/day

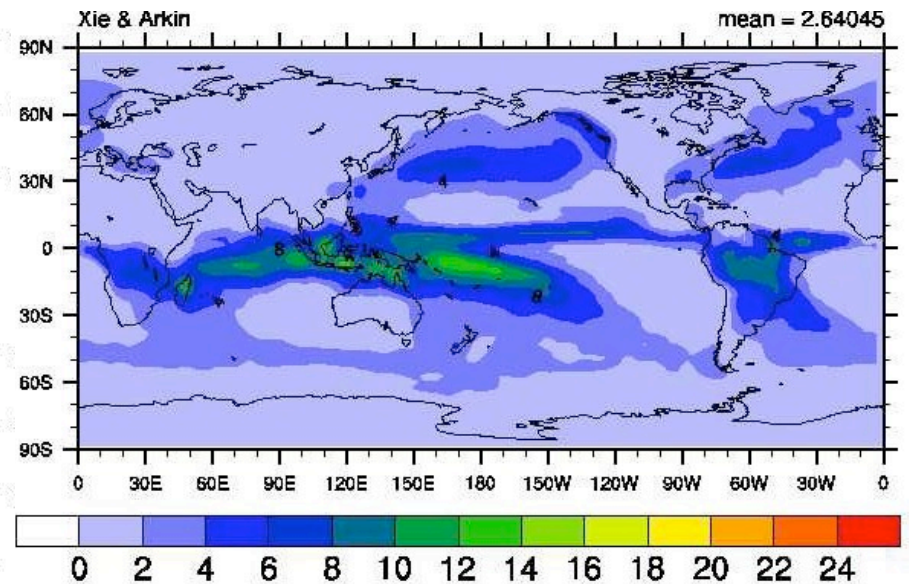
MMF



CAM

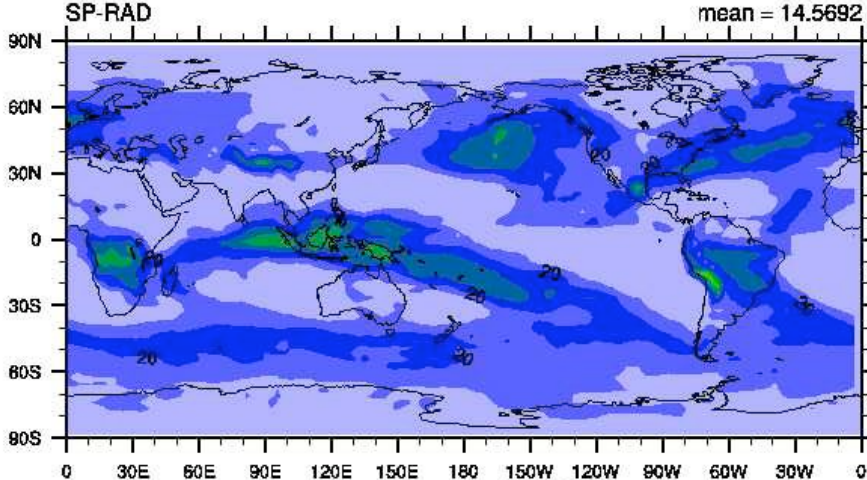


Obs

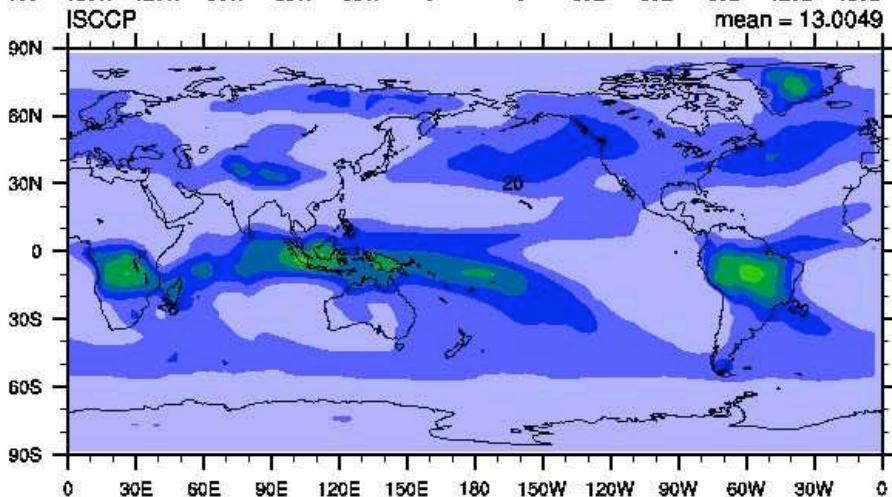


# DJF High-Cloud Cover

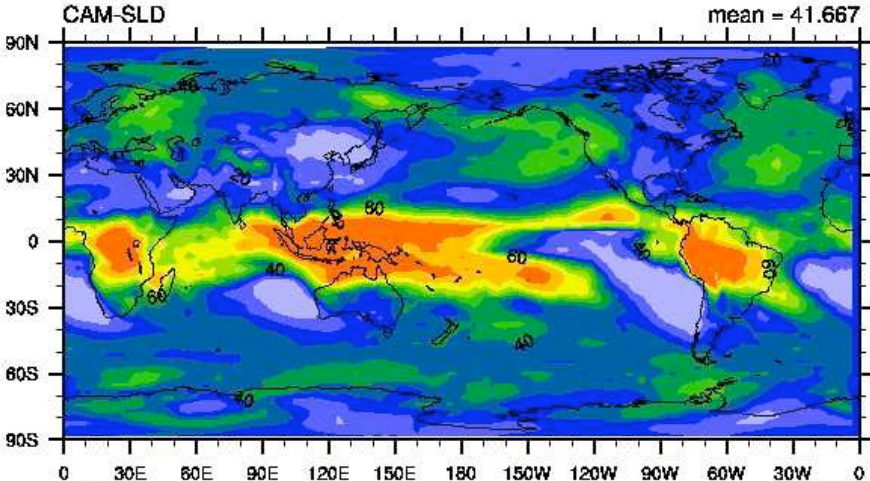
MMF



ISCCP



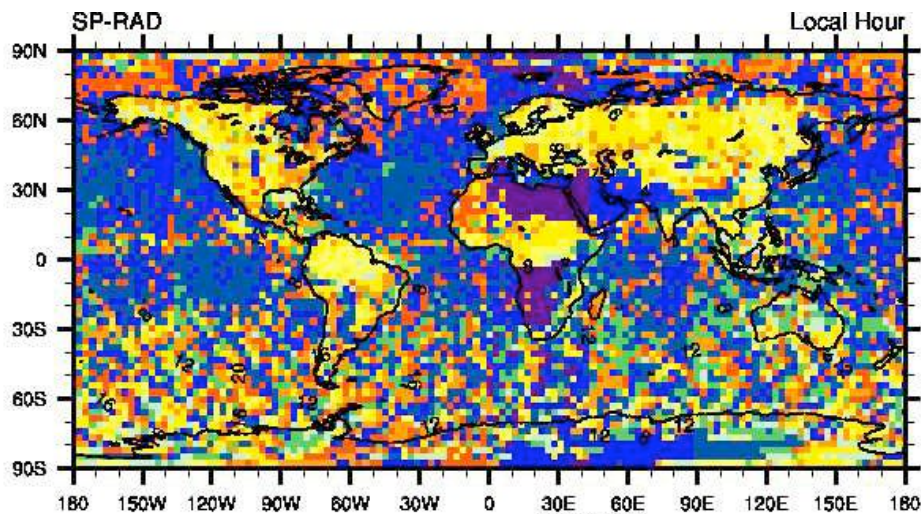
CAM



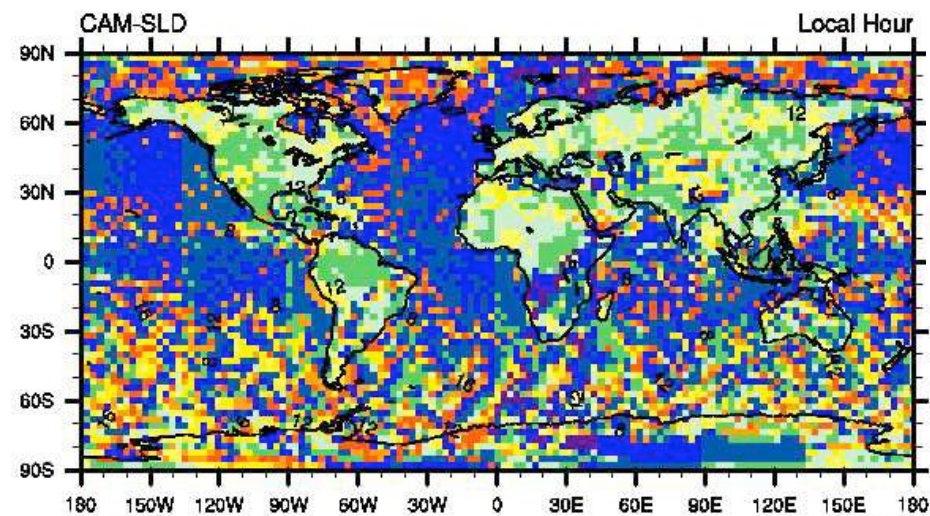


# JJA Local Time of Non-Drizzle Precipitation Frequency Maximum

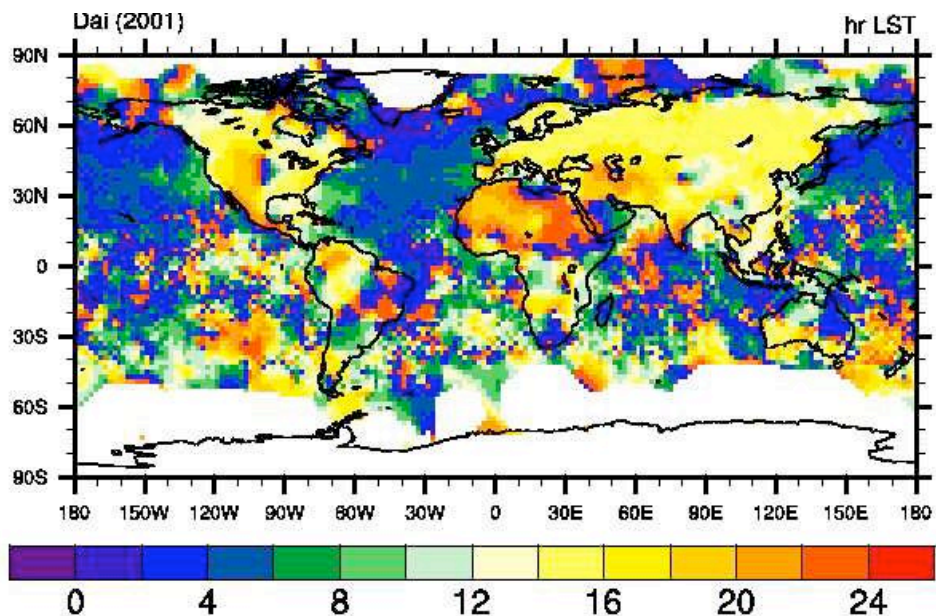
SP-CAM



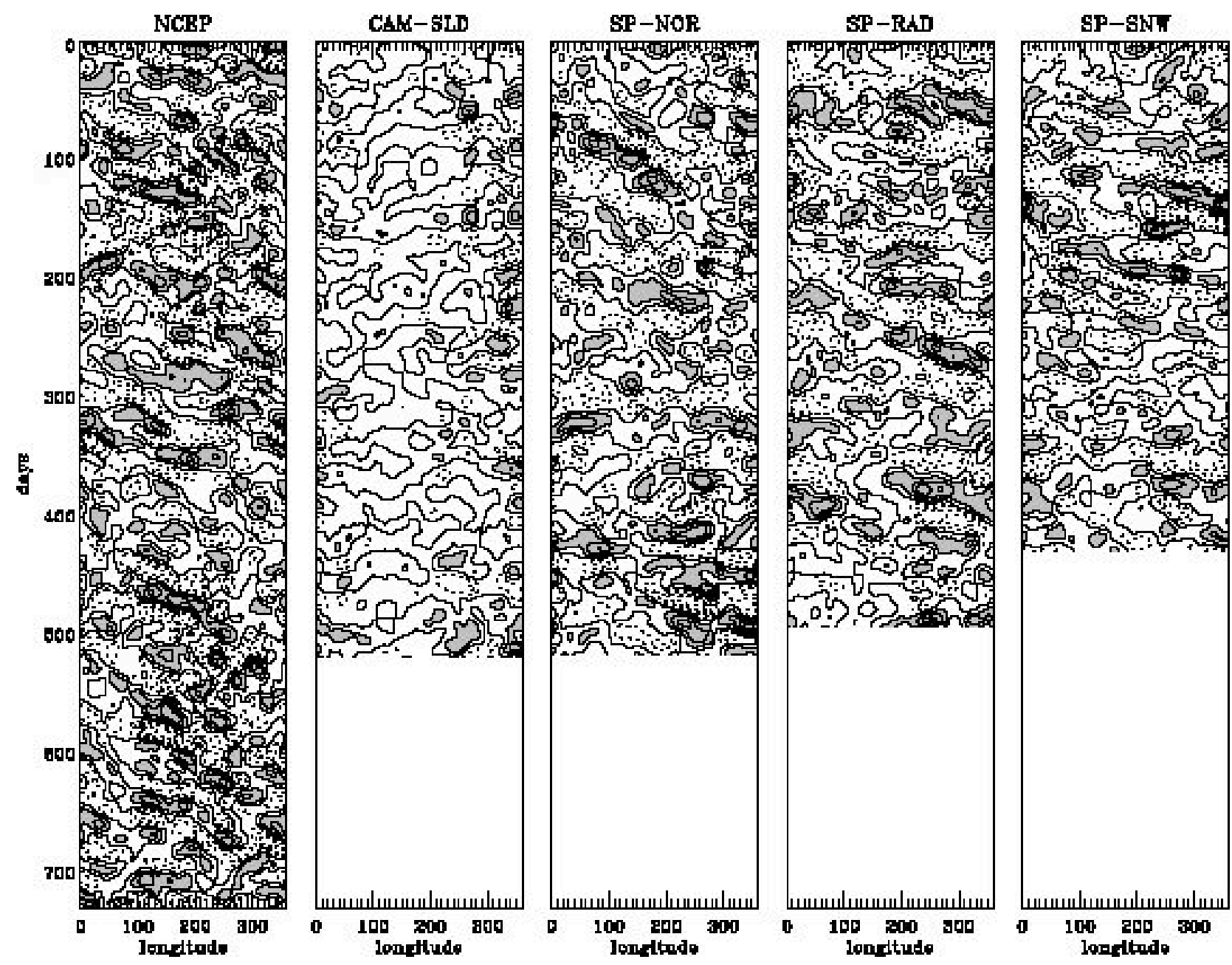
CAM



Dai (2001)



# 20-100 day filtered U200



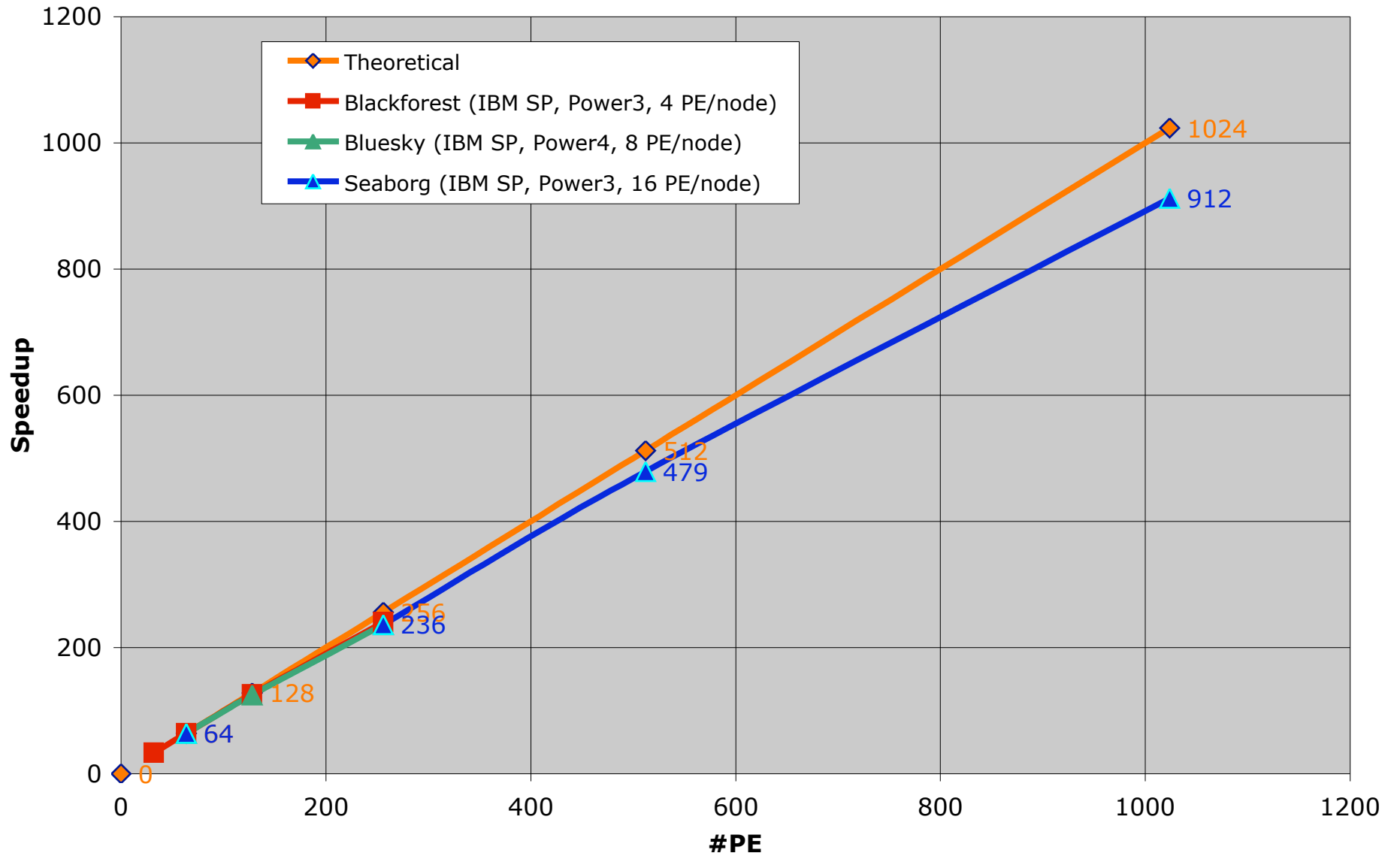


A photograph of a bright blue sky filled with various white clouds. The clouds are scattered across the frame, with some larger, more prominent ones and many smaller, wispy ones. The overall scene is bright and clear.

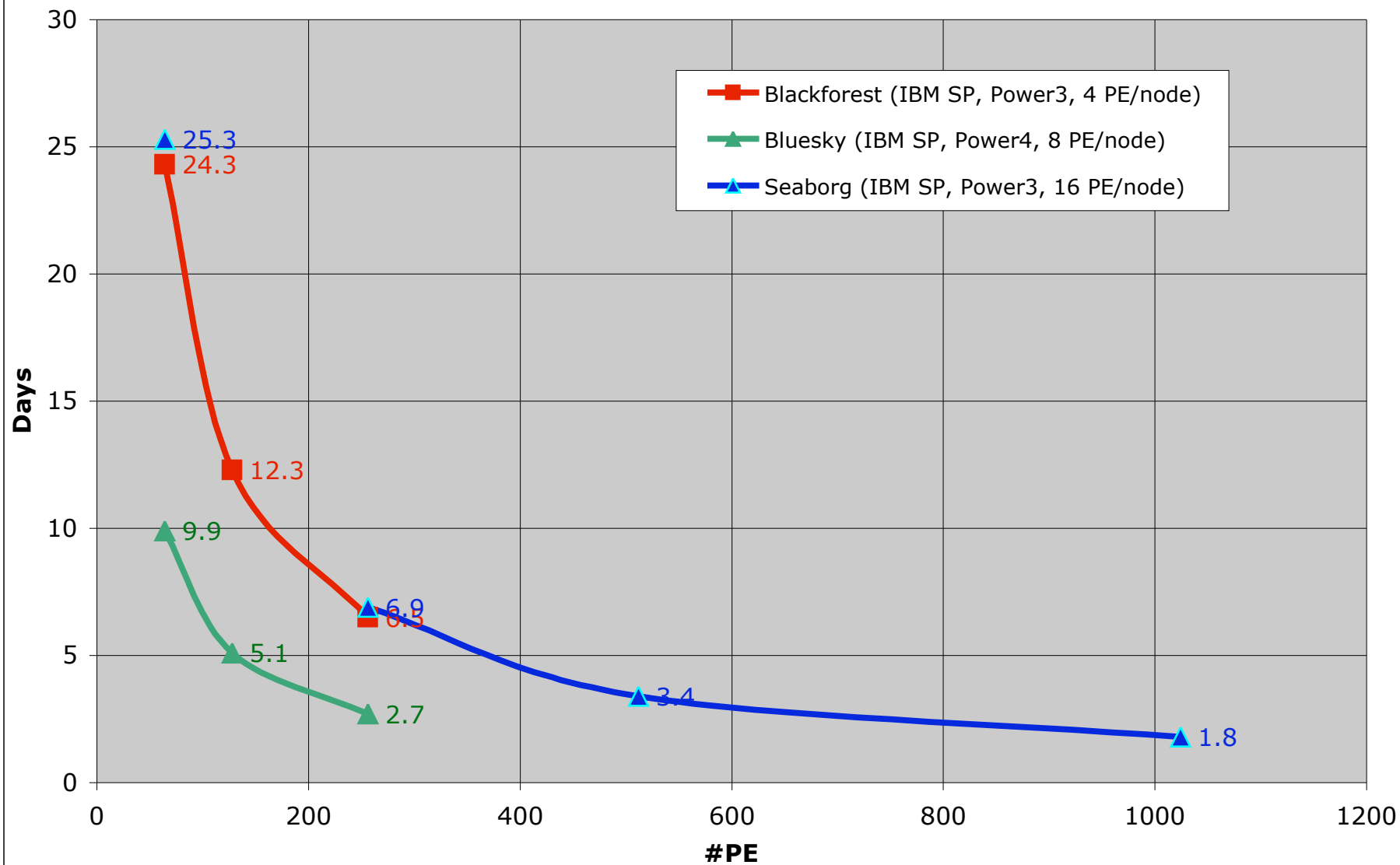
# Computational Performance



# Speedup for various computers



## Wall-clock time per simulated year



A photograph of a bright blue sky filled with numerous white, fluffy clouds of varying sizes and shapes. The clouds are scattered across the frame, with some larger, more prominent ones and many smaller ones. The overall scene is bright and clear.

CRM Resolution and Domain Size:  
Sufficient ?



## CRM in MMF

63.54712  
253.2022  
615.9903  
1195.853  
1984.489  
2969.779  
4131.035  
5352.024  
6529.58  
7663.525  
8755.213  
9809.521  
10832.01  
11835.68  
12832.92  
13827.02  
14819.79  
15810.46  
16797.76  
18044.73  
19804.43  
22073.80  
24940.45  
28489.32  
32729.16

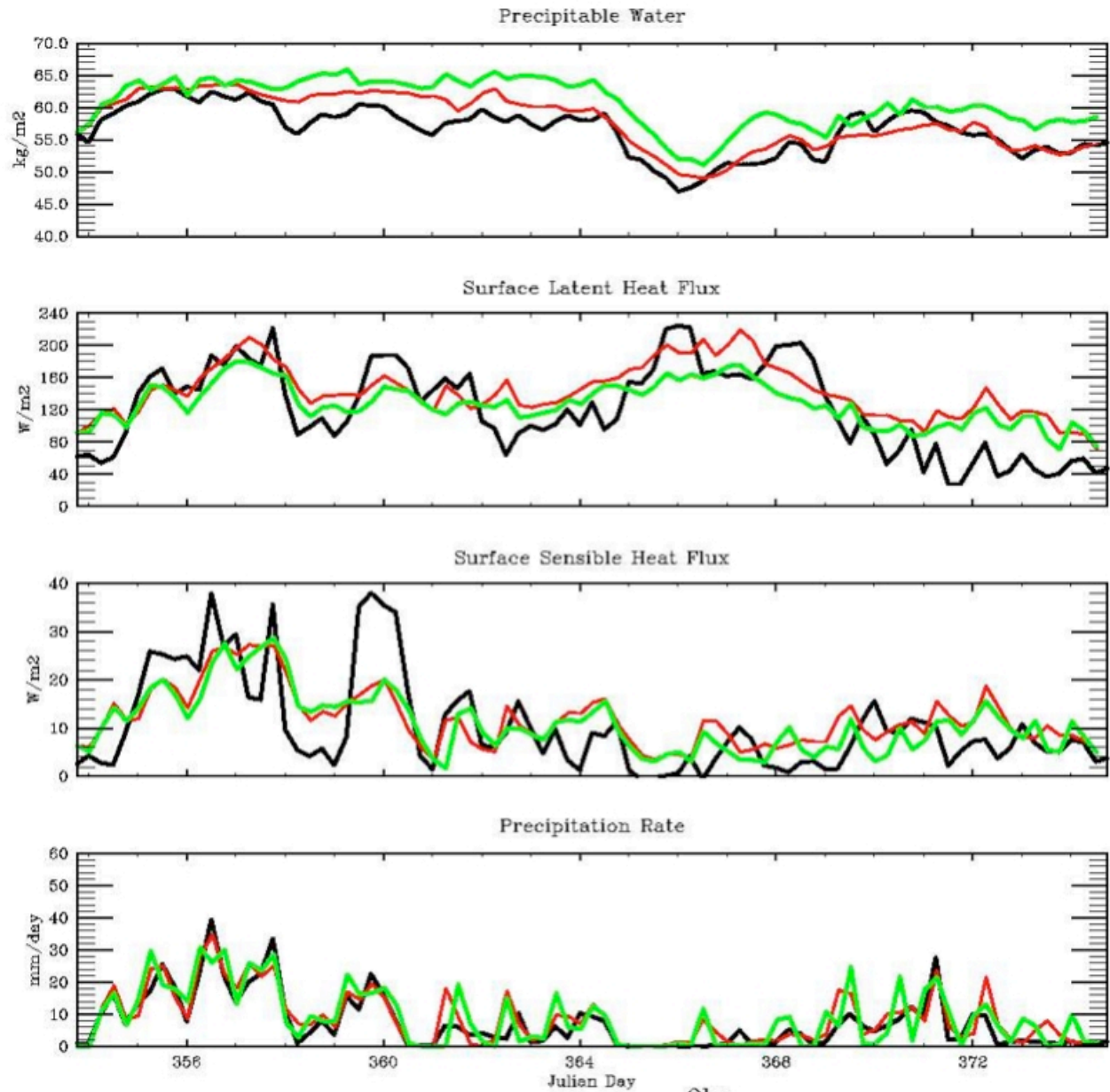
## Standard CRM

50.00000000  
160.5263062  
292.1051941  
444.7367249  
618.4208984  
813.1577148  
1028.947266  
1265.789429  
1523.684082  
1802.631470  
2102.631592  
2423.684326  
2765.789551  
3128.947510  
3513.157959  
3918.421143  
4344.736816  
4792.104980  
5260.525879  
5750.000000  
6250.000000  
6750.000000

Grid  
Levels

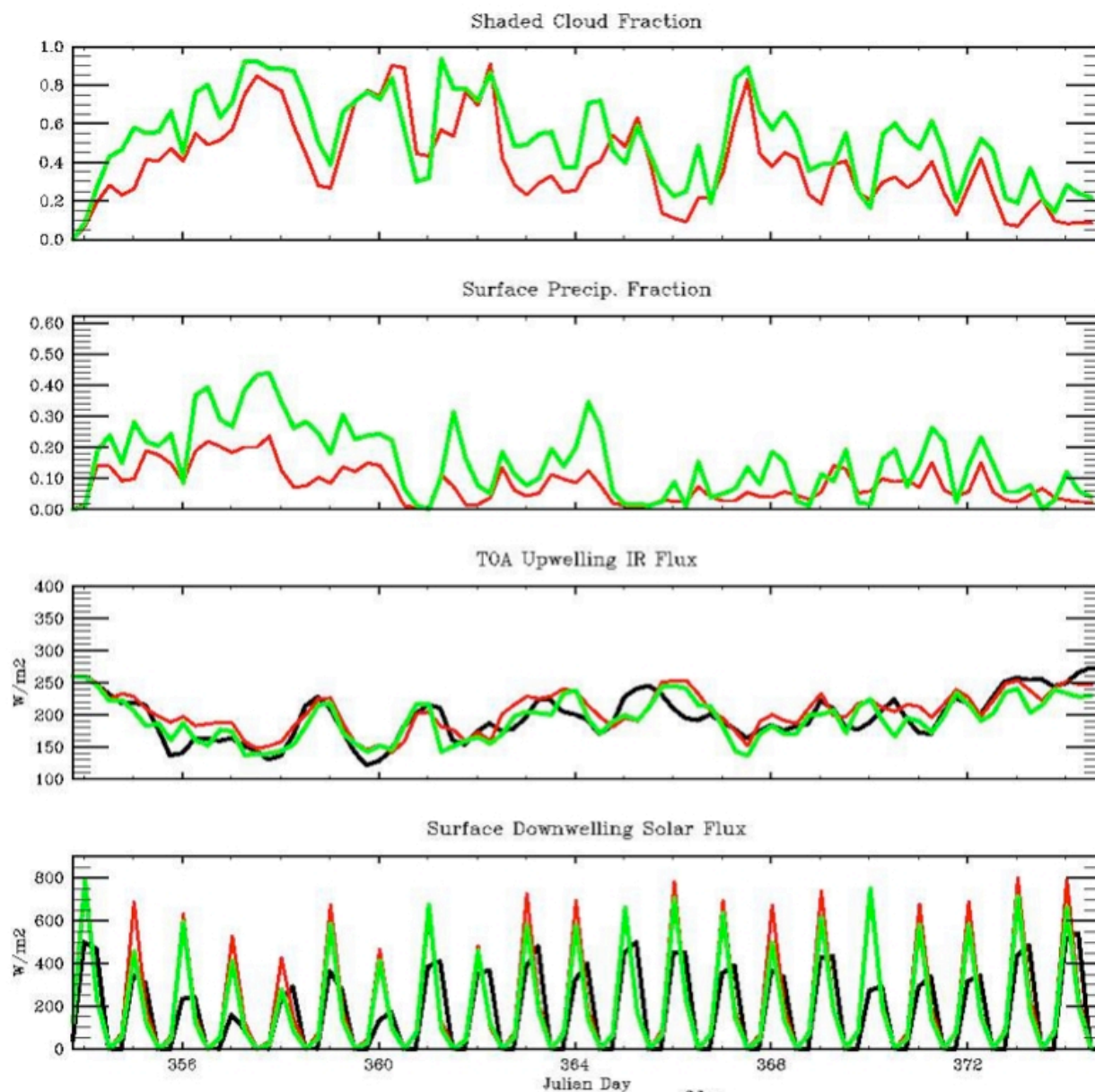
# TOGA-COARE

— Obs    — 128x128x64 2km    — 64x24 2km



# TOGA-COARE

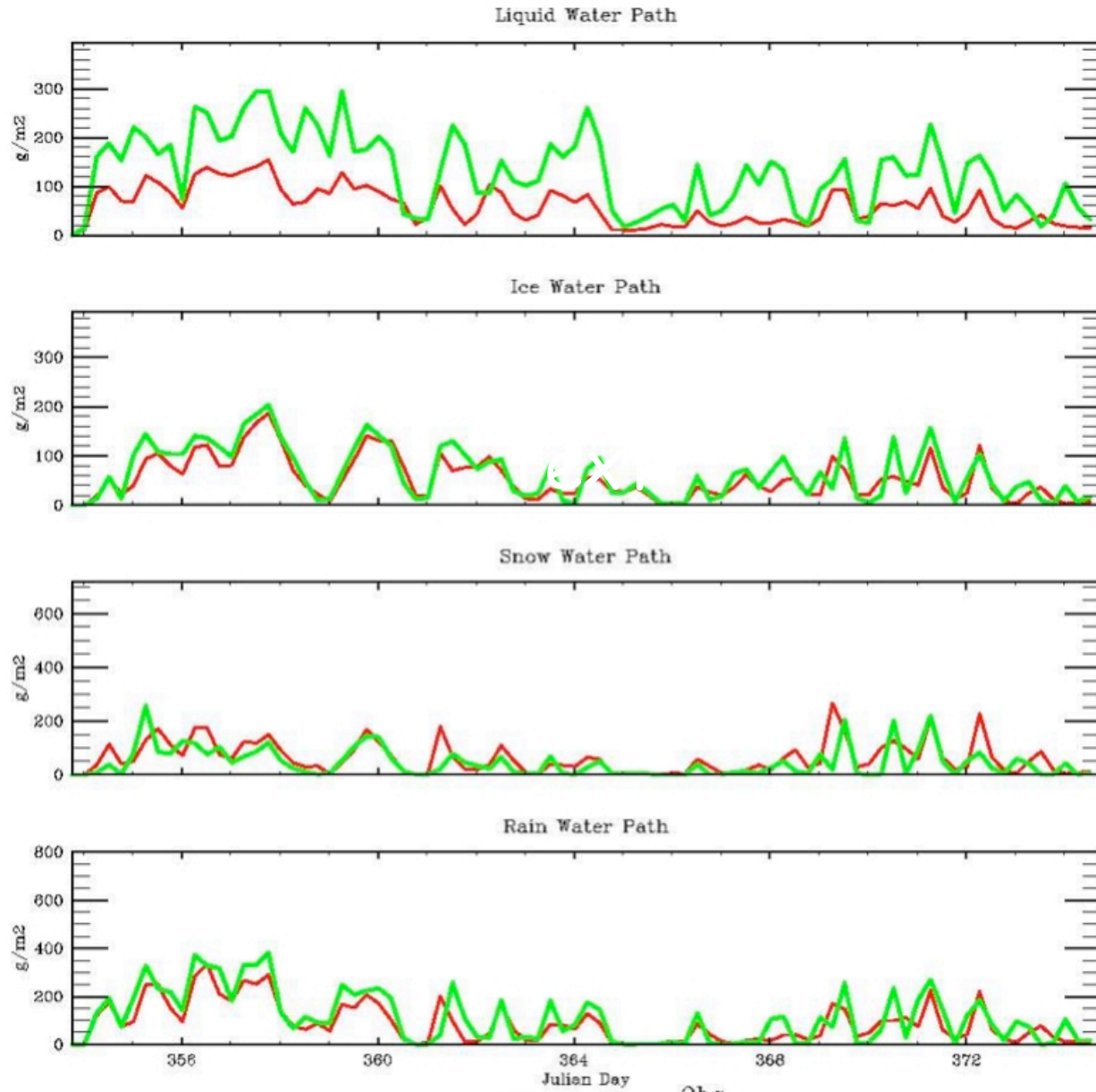
— Obs    — 128x128x64 2km    — 64x24 2km





# TOGA-COARE

— Obs    — 128x128x64 2km    — 64x24 2km

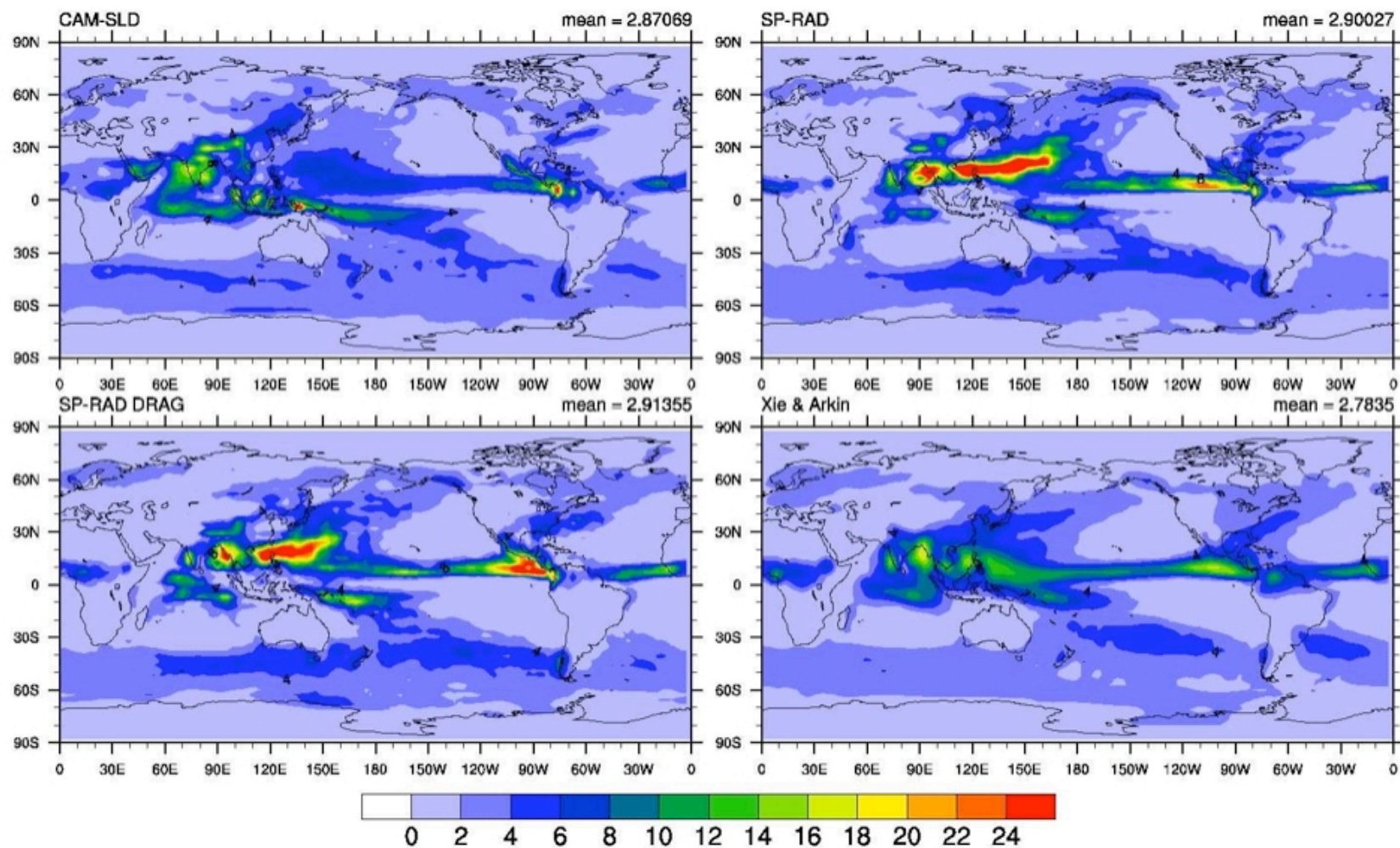


A photograph of a bright blue sky filled with white, fluffy clouds. The clouds are scattered across the frame, with some larger, more prominent ones in the lower right and upper right. The text "Great Red Spot" is overlaid in the center of the image in a dark red, serif font.

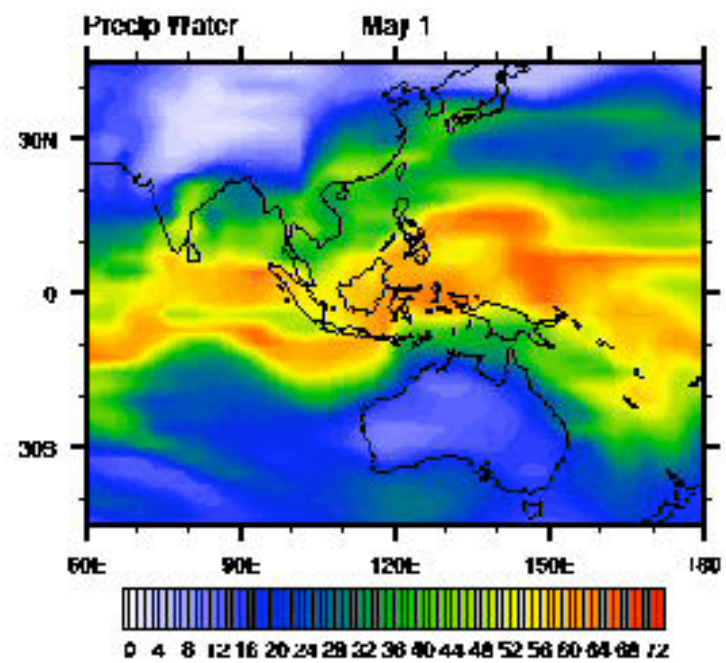
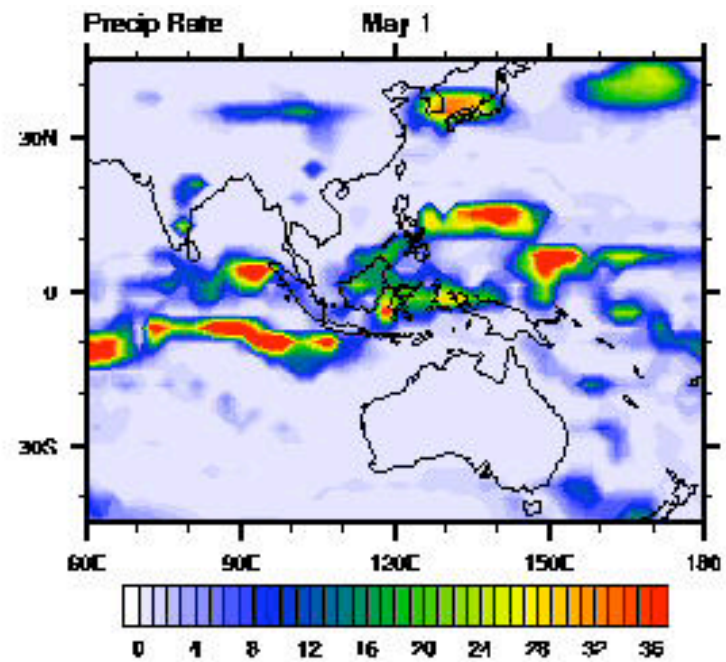
Great Red Spot

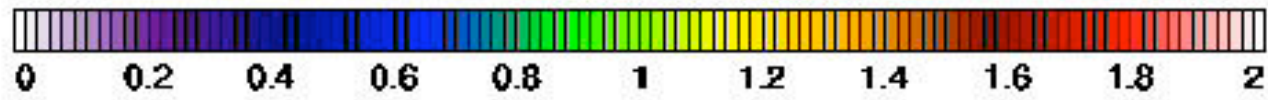
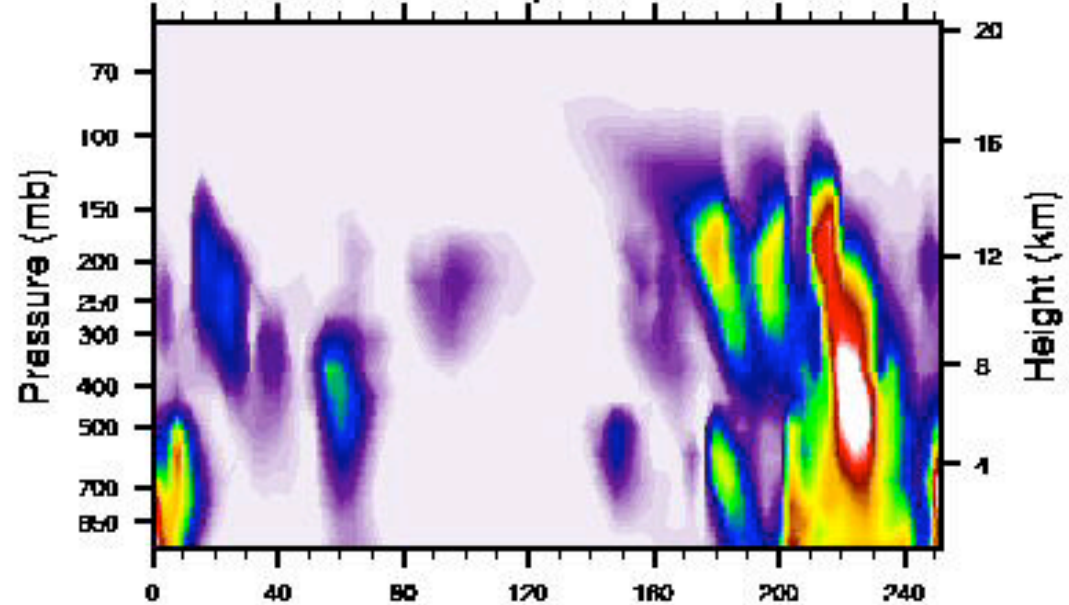
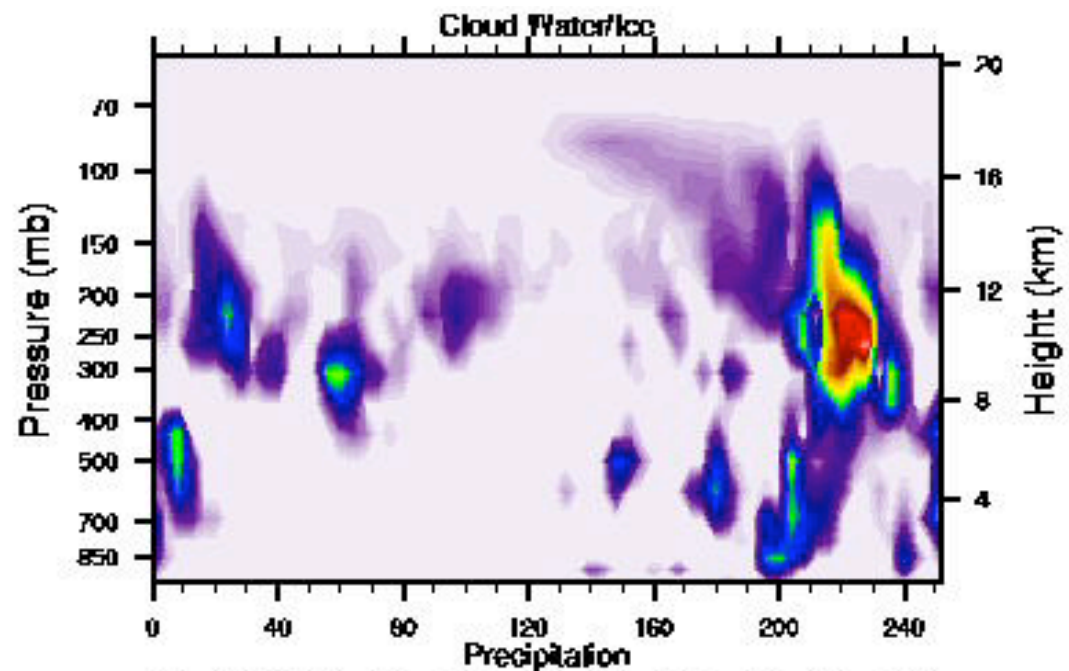


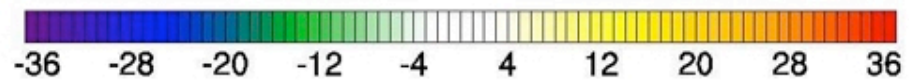
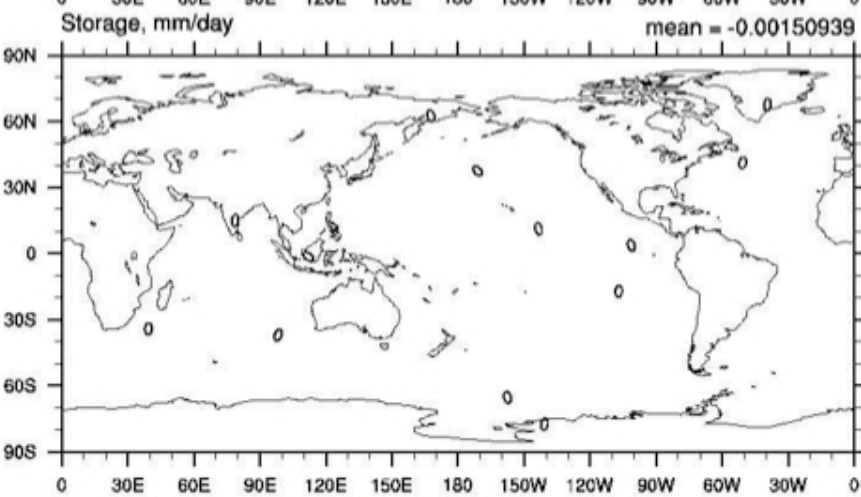
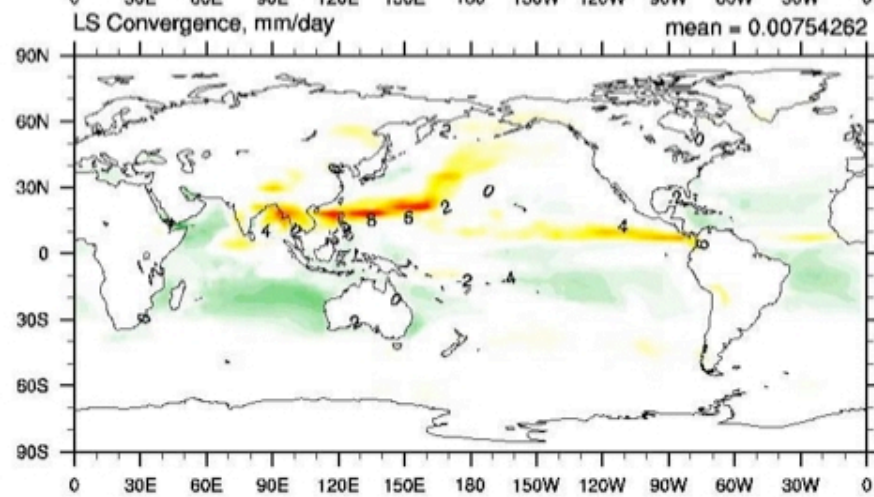
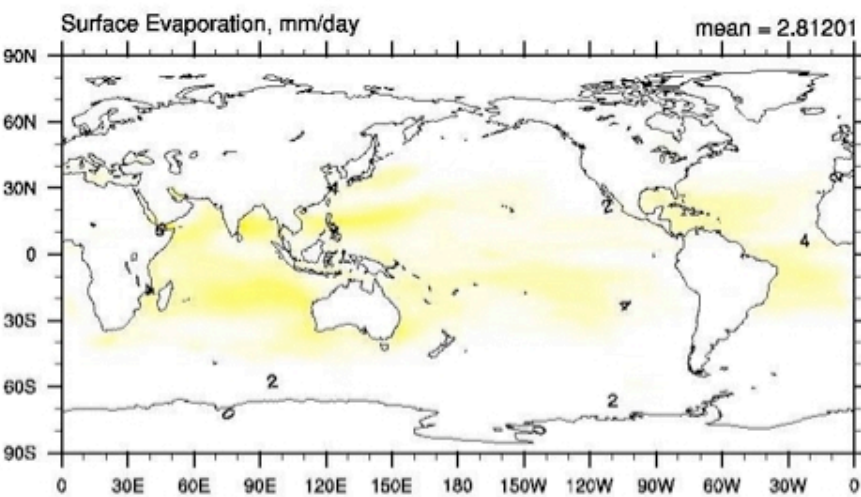
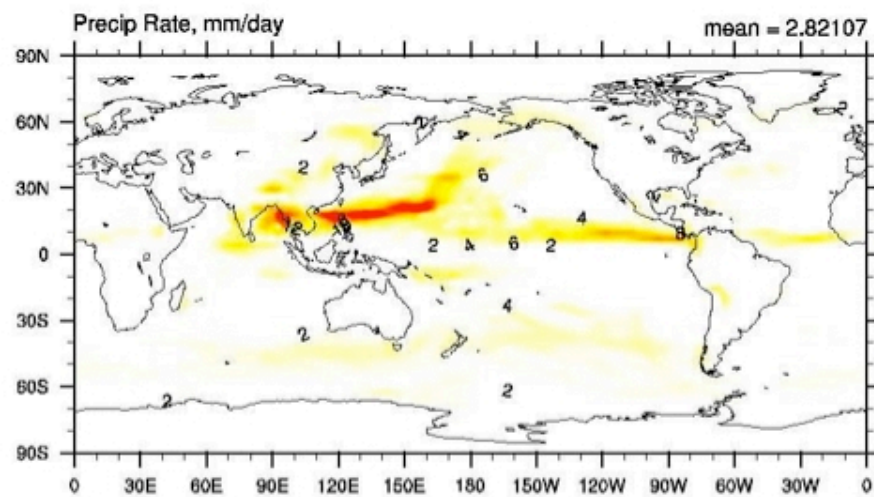
# JJA Precipitation Rate, mm/day













It is suspected that ...

- Prototype-MMF implementation (periodic-domain CRM in each grid column of GCM) itself may be responsible for the “Great Red Spot”.



## Strategy for Understanding GRS

- Test the current approach using “Big-Brother” model, that is CRM as a super-parameterization within a CRM.
- Advantage: a “true” solution can be produced by a high-resolution CRM, and used for direct comparison.



## Established by now...

- CRM resolution appears sufficient for deep/mid convection.
- Shallow clouds are underrepresented.
- MMF is efficient on massively parallel computers.



## Model development

- “Big Brother” Model: 100% coded, needs DBT
- Global MMF with CRM continuous along the longitudinal circles: CRM part coded, needs a coupler to the GCM
- Quasi-3D CRM



A photograph of a bright blue sky filled with numerous white, fluffy cumulus clouds. The clouds are scattered across the frame, with some larger, more prominent ones in the foreground and smaller ones in the background. The overall scene is bright and clear.

The End