

Climate Change and Coupled Modeling

- Cristiana Stan: Present day and 4xCO₂ simulations with SP-CCSM4
- Charlotte DeMott: The role of ocean-atmosphere coupling in simulations of the Asian summer monsoon
- Melissa Burt: Clouds, water vapor, and sea ice in a 4xCO₂ Arctic
- Mark Branson: Paleoclimate simulations with CESM.
- Discussion: Catalog of existing SP simulations and plans for future research

Cristiana Stan: Present day and 4xCO2 simulations with SP-CCSM4

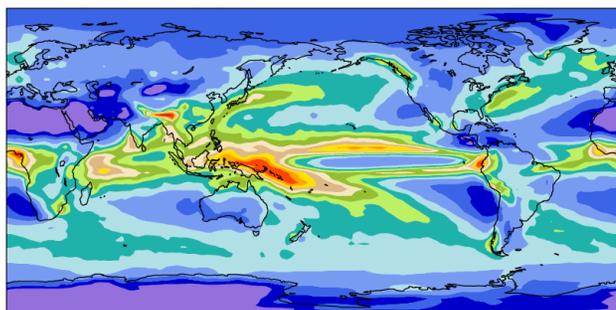
Experiments

	Control (2005-2033)	4xCO2 (2005-2042)
ATM/LND resol.	fv1.9x2.5°/30levs	fv1.9x2.5°/30levs
OCN/ICE resol	1°	1°
CO2 concentration	368.9ppmv	1475.6ppmv
Initial Conditions	CCSM4 2° 20th Century/ b40.20 th .track1.2deg 001.2005-01-01-00000	CCSM4 2° 20th Century/ b40.20 th .track1.2deg. 001.2005-01-01-00000
CRM resol.	4km	4km
CRM microphysics	SAM1MOM	SAM1MOM

Precipitation, ANN

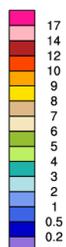
SP-CCSM4

Precipitation rate mean= 2.81 mm/day



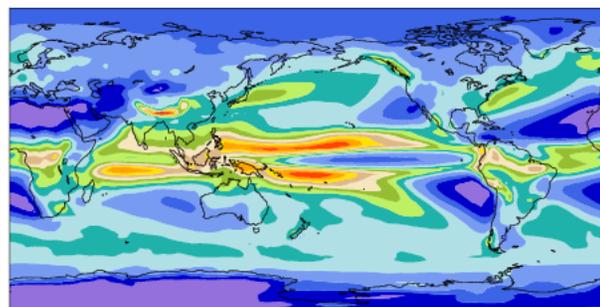
ANN

Min = 0.01 Max = 13.88



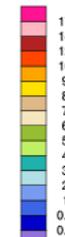
CCSM4

Precipitation rate mean= 2.90 mm/day



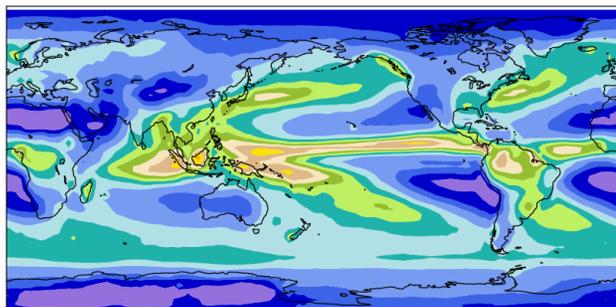
ANN

Min = 0.05 Max = 14.28

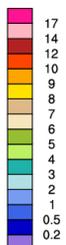


GPCP

Precipitation rate mean= 2.61 mm/day

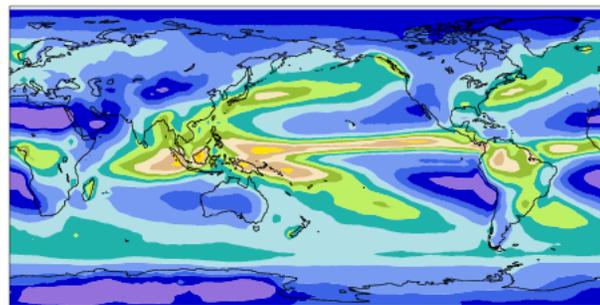


Min = 0.02 Max = 9.67

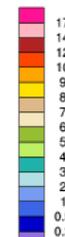


GPCP

Precipitation rate mean= 2.61 mm/day

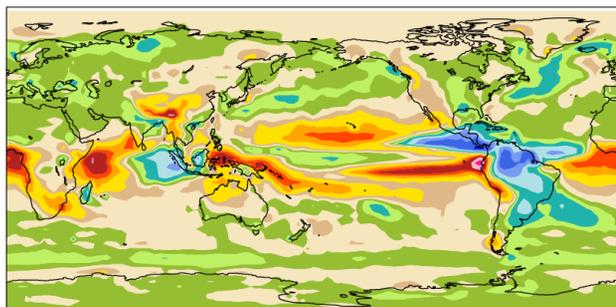


Min = 0.02 Max = 9.67

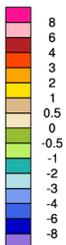


sp4_f19 - GPCP

mean = 0.20 rmse = 1.35 mm/day

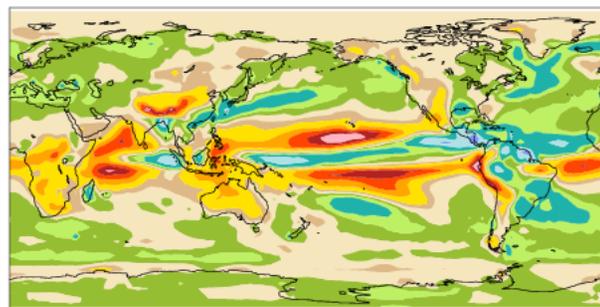


Min = -6.35 Max = 9.45

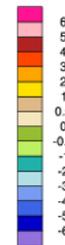


b40.20th.track1.2deg.001 - GPCP

mean = 0.29 rmse = 1.30 mm/day

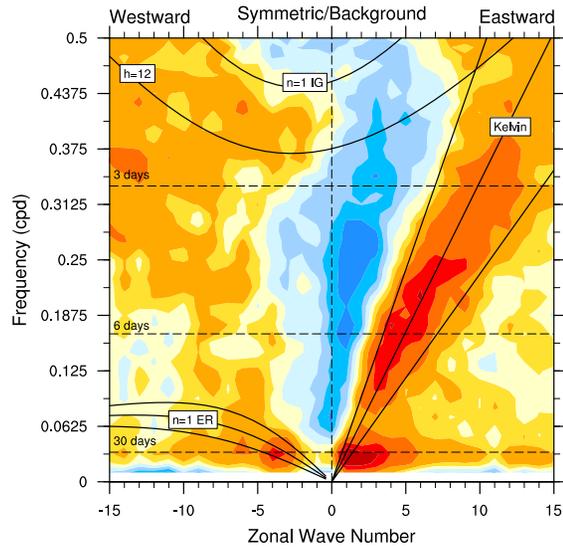


Min = -3.57 Max = 6.65

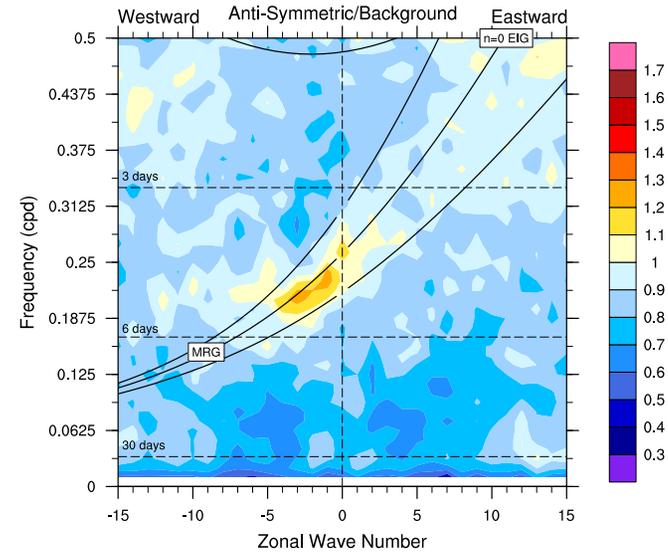
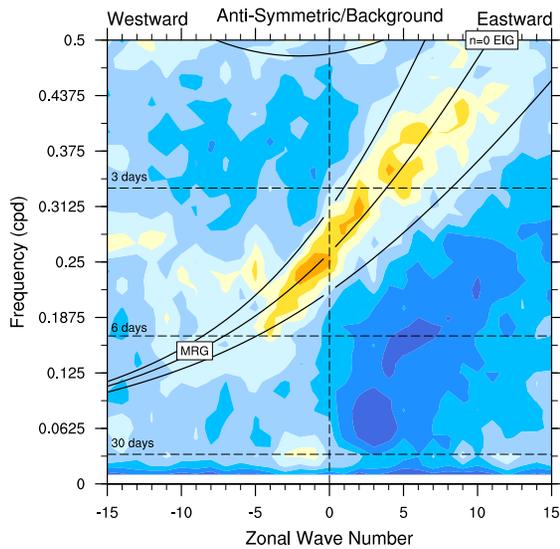
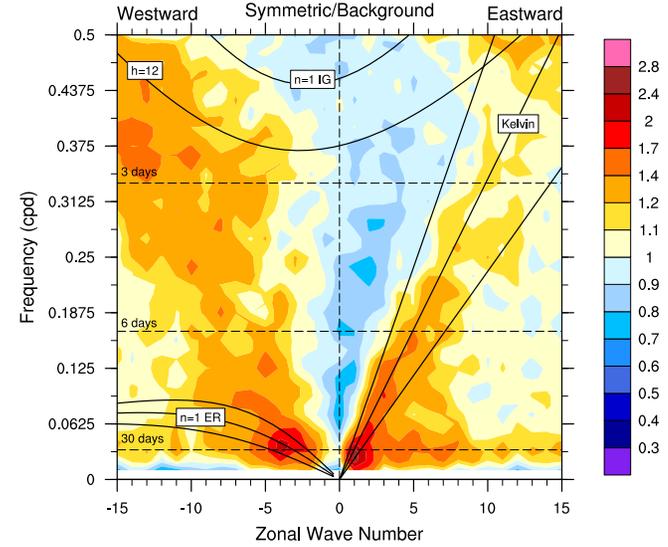


Wave-frequency Spectra

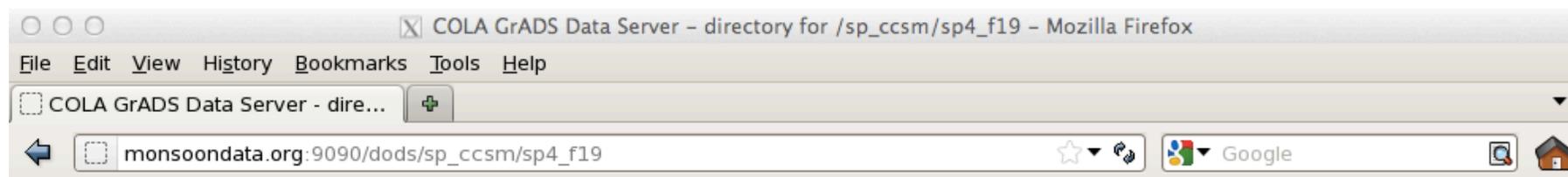
OBS



SP-CCSM4



GDS/OPeNDAP



[COLA GrADS Data Server](#) - [top level](#) - [sp_ccsm](#) - [sp4_f19](#)

COLA GrADS Data Server - directory for /sp_ccsm/sp4_f19 : 3 entries

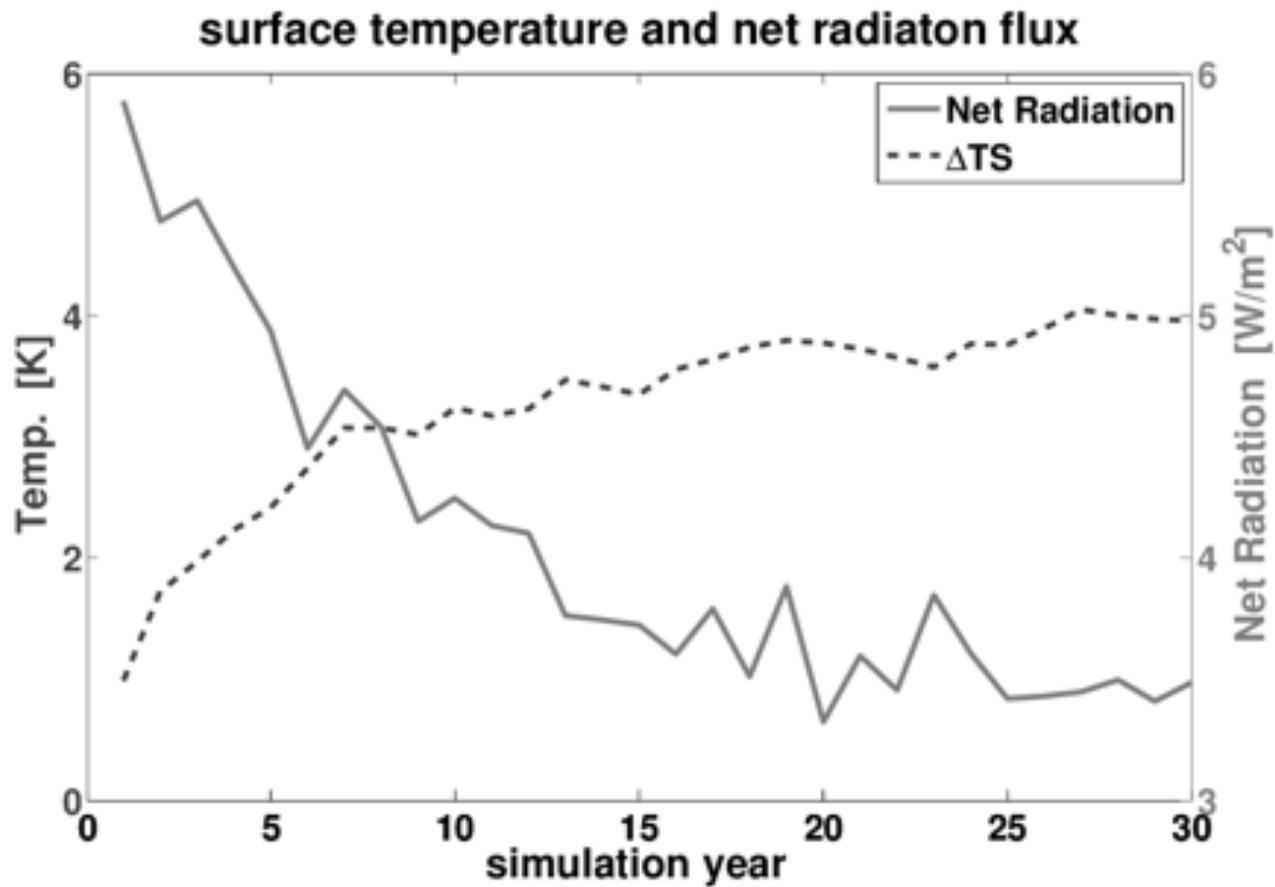
1: atm.daily.h1: SPCCSM4 daily mean present day (2D vars); initial_file
b40.20th.track1.2deg.001.cam2.i.2006-01-01-00000_30.nc [info](#) [dds](#) [das](#)

2: atm.daily.h2: SPCCSM4 daily mean present day (pressure level and sfc vars); initial_file
b40.20th.track1.2deg.001.cam2.i.2006-01-01-00000_30.nc [info](#) [dds](#) [das](#)

3: atm.monthly: SPCCSM4 monthly mean present day; initial file
b40.20th.track1.2deg.001.cam2.i.2006-01-01-00000_30.nc [info](#) [dds](#) [das](#)

[back to parent directory](#)

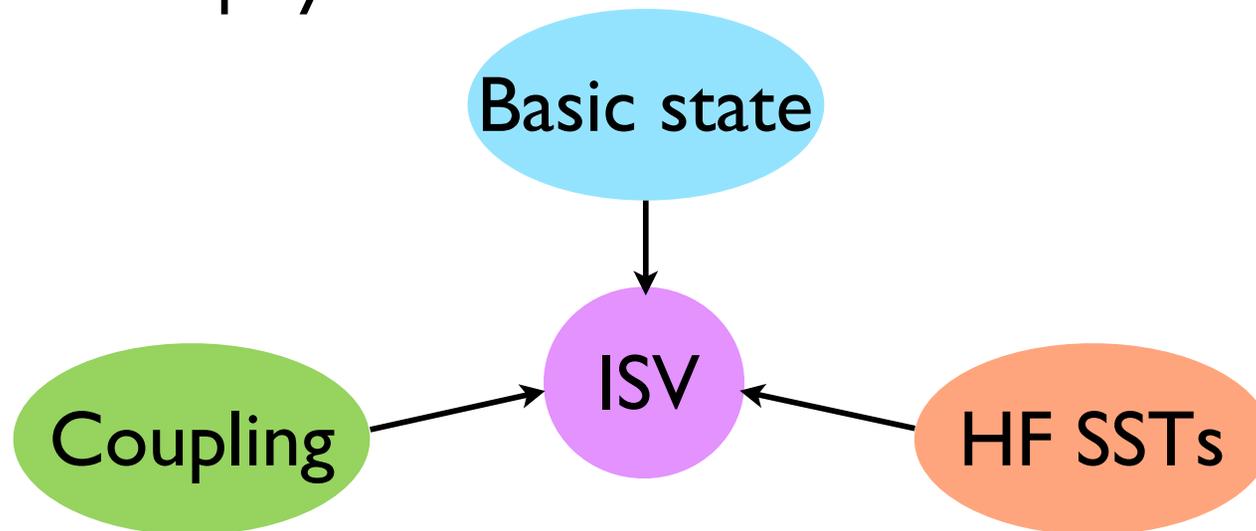
Global Surface Temperature TOA Radiation Flux



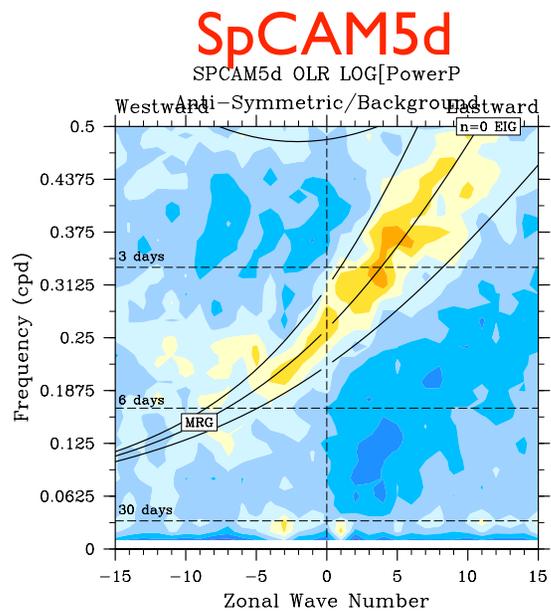
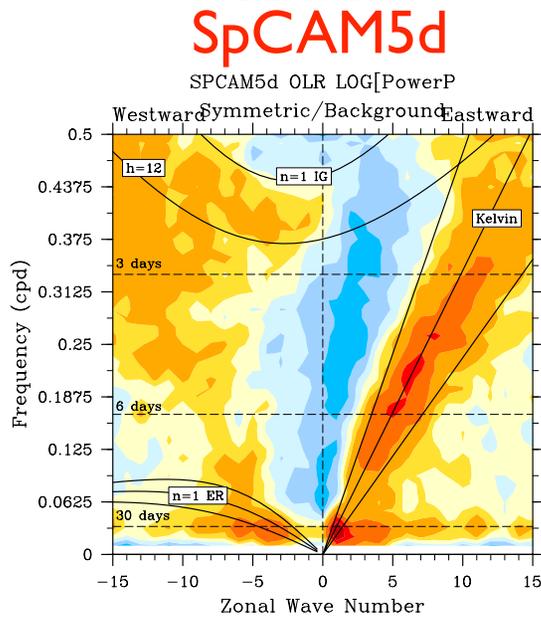
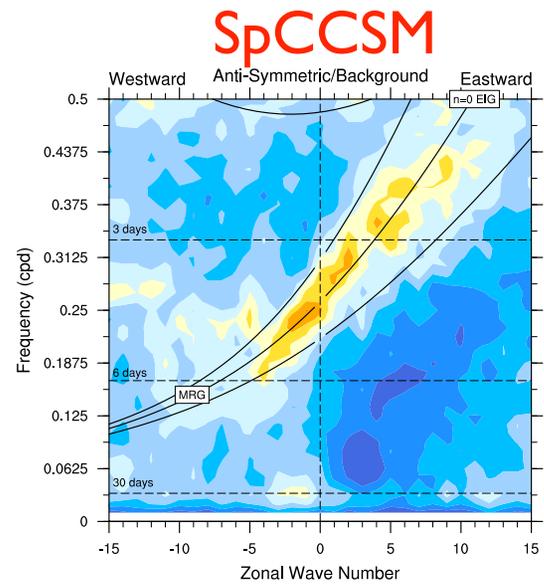
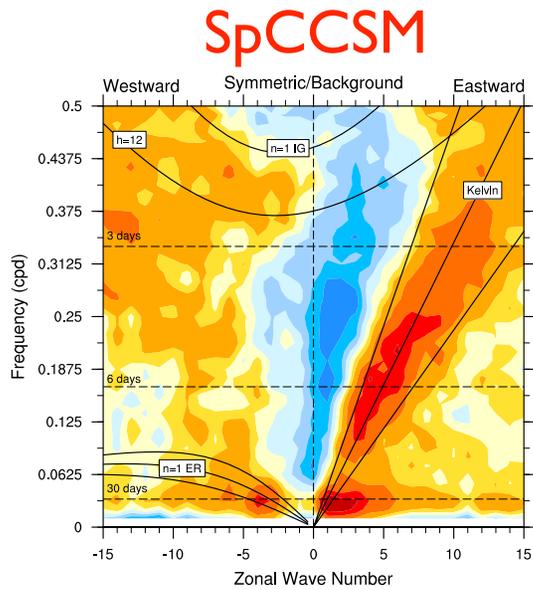
Courtesy of Li Xu

Charlotte DeMott: The role of ocean-atmosphere coupling in simulations of the Asian summer monsoon

- Are ocean-atmosphere feedbacks responsible for improved ISV?
- Is high-frequency SST variability responsible for improved ISV?
- What role does the mean state of the coupled model play in ISV?



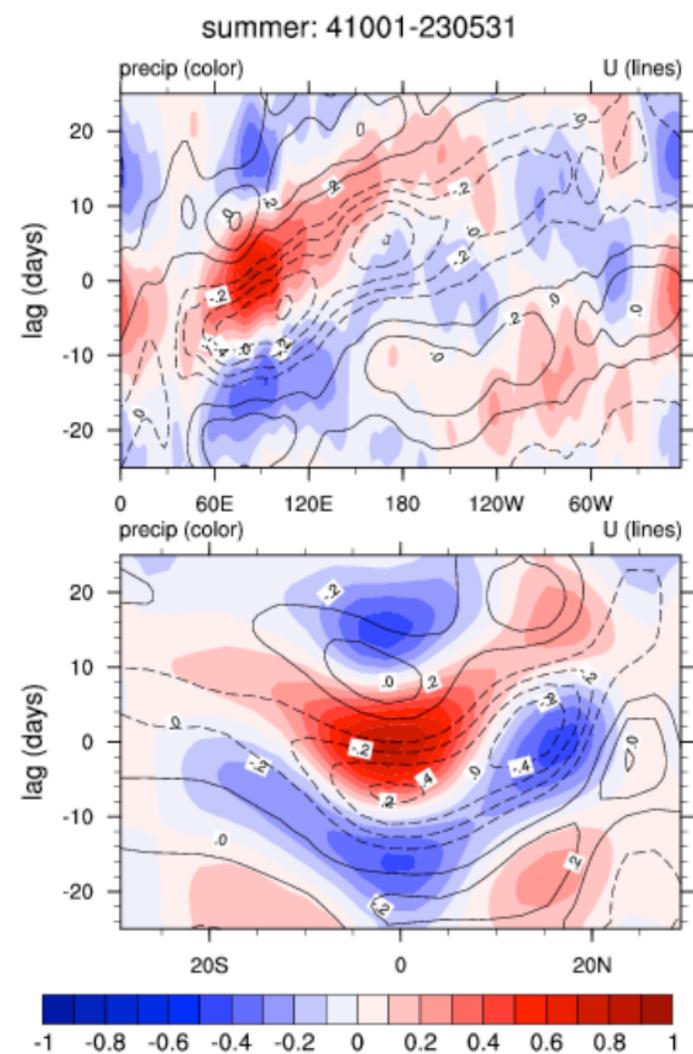
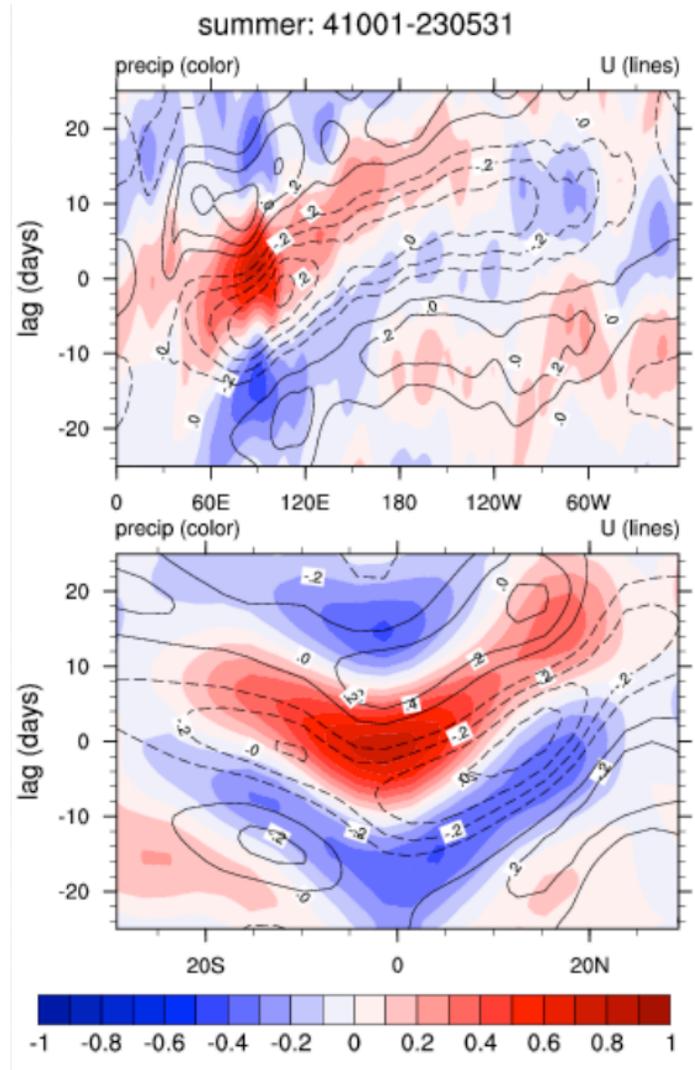
OLR spectra



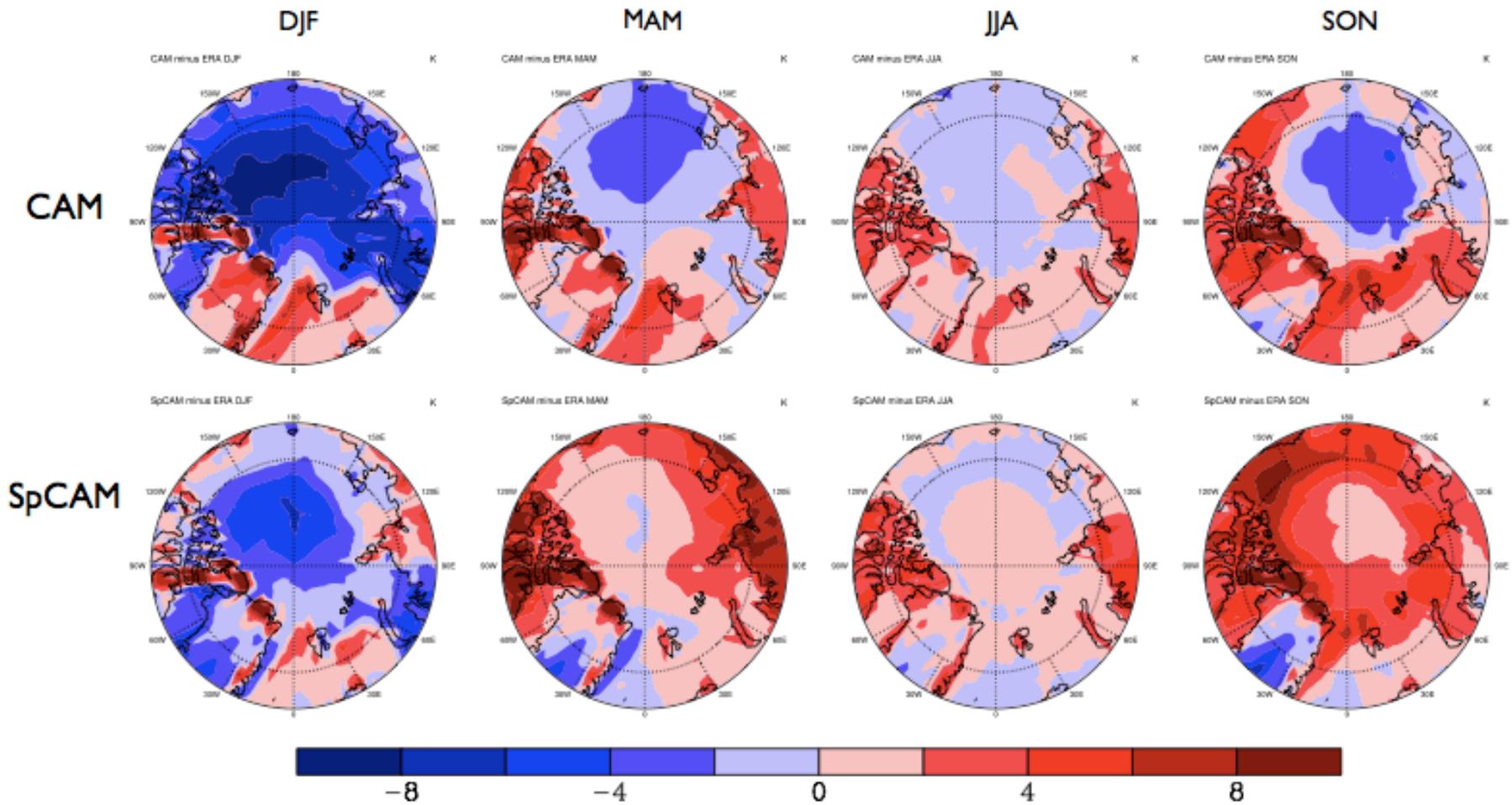
SP-CCSM vs SP-CAM5d

SP-CCSM

SP-CAM5d



Surface Air Temperature Bias



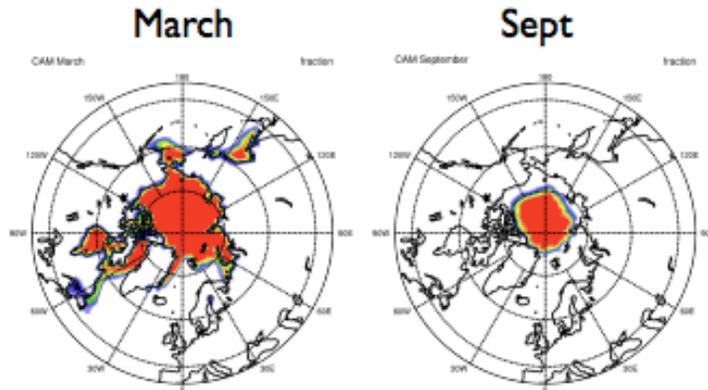
Biases are largest in winter months compared to summer

Possibly due to temps over ice oscillating around freezing during summer

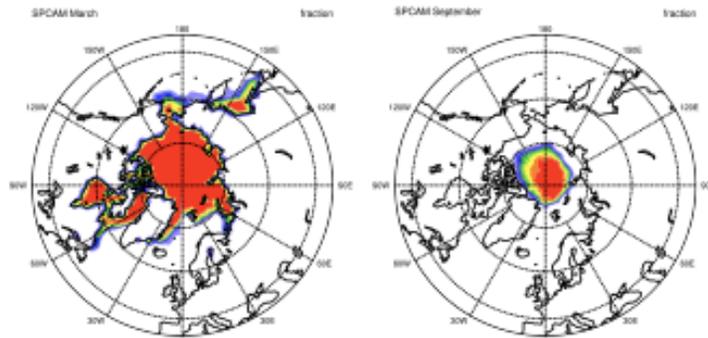
Melissa Burt: Clouds, water vapor, and sea ice in a 4xCO₂ Arctic

Present Day

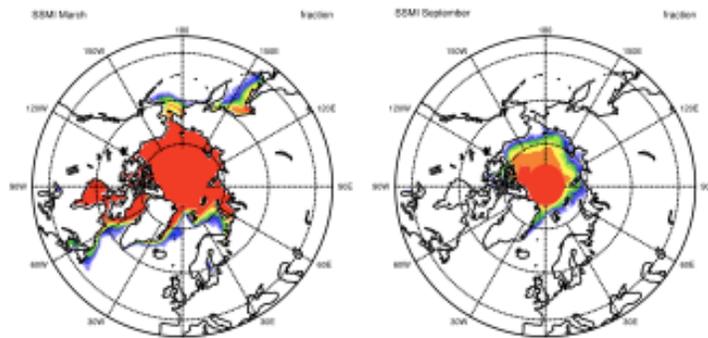
CAM



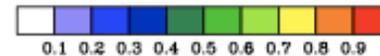
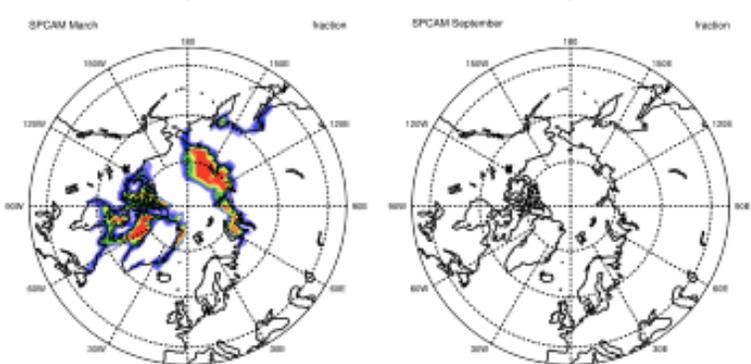
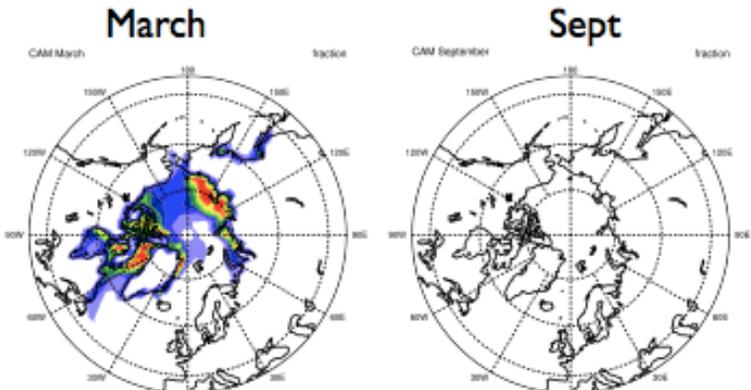
SpCAM



SSMI



4xCO₂



Sea Ice Fraction

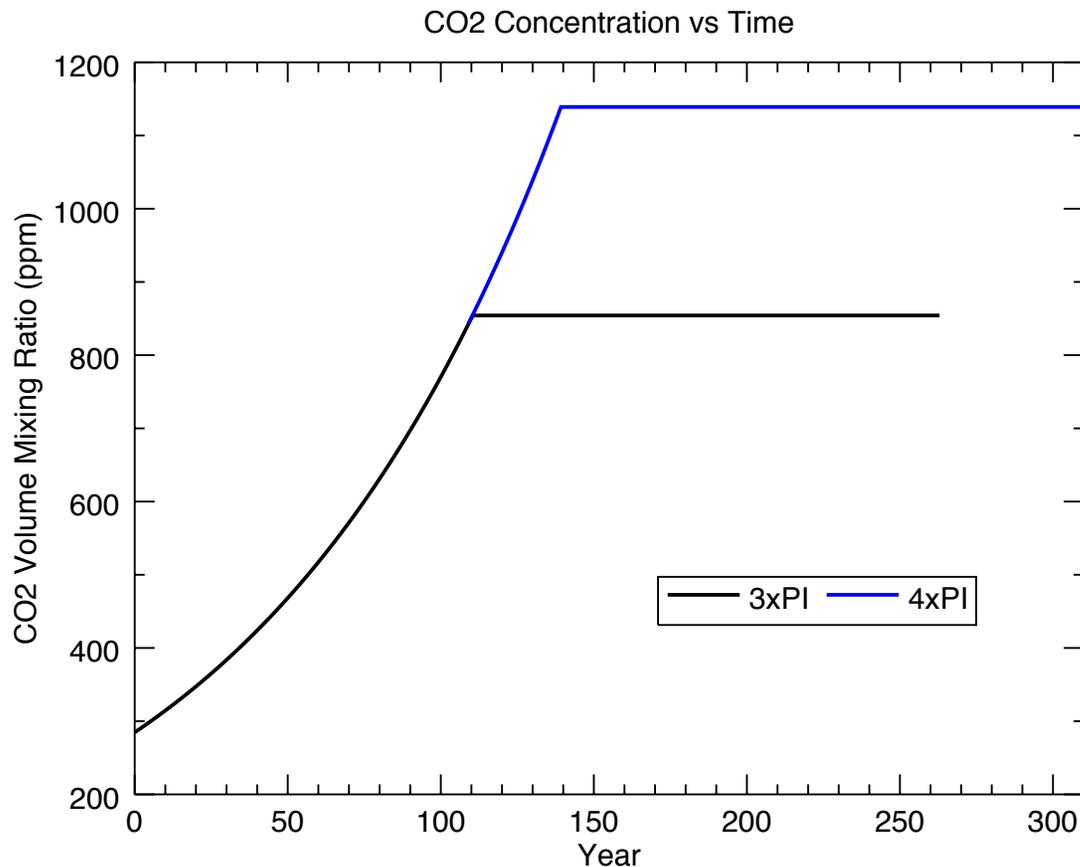
Significant decline in Sea Ice

sea ice tends to hug the continents

Mark Branson: Arctic convective cloud feedback studies with CESM

CESM Simulation

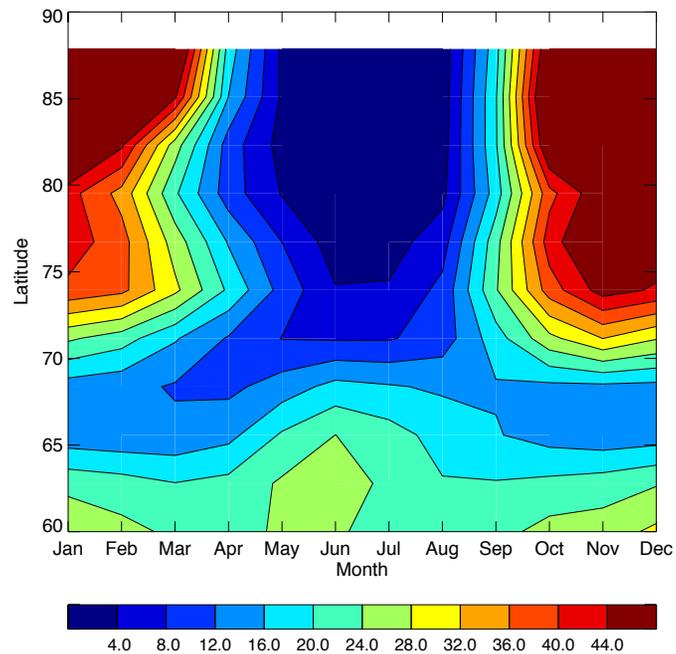
- Branch the simulation at the 3xPI point, allow branch to reach 4xPI



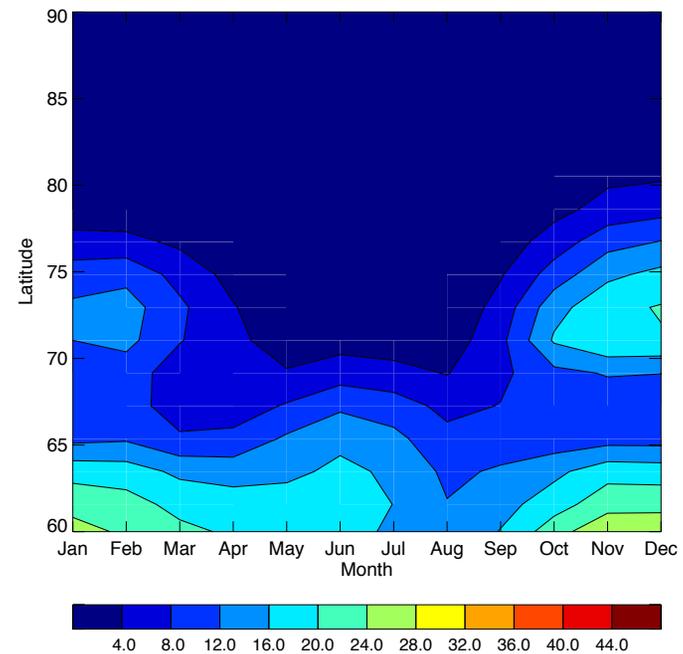
Convective mass flux (hPa/day)

Convection seems much weaker in CESM (CAM4) versus CAM3 results

CAM3.5,x4CO2



CESM, years 300-310



max value in column

Existing SP simulations

- SP-CAM3.0 (M. Kharioutdinov; 20 years)
- SP-CAM3.0 (M. Pritchard; 20 years, with MJO Diabatic heating diagnostics)
- SP-CAM3.0 (M. Pritchard; forecast runs)
- SP-CAM3.0 1xCO₂ & 4xCO₂ (Wyant et al. 2012; 2-3 years)

- SP-CAM3.0, 3.5 (“ ; short-duration, diurnally resolved)
- SP-CAM3.5 aqua planet simulations (E. Maloney & M. Branson; 1.5-5 years, some CRM-scale output)
- SP-CAM3.5 (R. Marchand; CRM output)
- SP-CAM3.5 (K. Xu; 3 years & 10 years w/ IPHOC)

- SP-CCSM3 (C. Stan; ~27 years)
- SP-CCSM3 (R. McCrary; 1 summer, hourly output)
- SP-CAM5d (C. Stan; 23 years, uses 5-day filtered SPCCSM3 SSTs boundary condition)

- SP-CCSM4 (C. Stan; ~30 years)
- SP-CCSM4 4xCO₂ (C. Stan; ~35 years)

- PNNL-MMF-PD (M. Wang; 6 years, present-day aerosols)
- PNNL-MMF-PI (M. Wang; 6 years, pre-industrial aerosols & emissions)
- PNNL-MMF (H. Morrison; 5 months MACM version)
- PNNL-MMF (M. Pritchard; 5 years)

Future simulations

- SP-CCSM4 (C. Stan; ~100 years)
- SP-CCSM4 4xCO2 (C. Stan; ~100 years)

- SP-CAM5 (NCAR, PNNL, CSU; development and test ongoing)

- SP-CAM5 w/ distributed land (I. Baker & M. Branson)

- SAM6.9.5 giga LES (D. Dazlich; 1 land w/ Sib3, 1 w/ ocean)