

A parameterization of turbulence enstrophy for VVM

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Introduction

Turbulence parameterization

- Traditional approach: solving turbulence kinetic equation (TKE) equation with difficulties involving parameterization of the pressure redistribution term
- New approach: solving the turbulence enstrophy equation (TE) equation

TE equation

$$\frac{\partial e}{\partial t} = \overline{\frac{\partial(u_i e)}{\partial x_j}} - \overline{\frac{\partial(u'_i e')}{\partial x_j}} + \overline{\frac{\xi'_i \xi'_j}{\xi_i \xi_j} \frac{\partial u_i}{\partial x_j}} - \overline{\frac{\xi'_i u'_j}{\xi_i} \frac{\partial \xi_i}{\partial x_j}} - \overline{\xi'_2 \frac{\partial B'}{\partial x_1}} + \overline{\xi'_1 \frac{\partial B'}{\partial x_2}}$$

$$+ \overline{\xi_j \xi'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}} + \overline{\xi'_j \xi'_i \frac{\partial u'_i}{\partial x_j}} + \epsilon_e.$$

The terms on the right-hand side are

Mean wind advection, perturbation advection, shear production, buoyancy production, twisting and deformation, and dissipation, respectively

Turbulence advection

$$\overline{u'_i e'} = -k_m \frac{\partial e}{\partial x_i},$$

$k_m = c_1 l^2 e^{1/2}$: the subgrid-scale eddy coefficient

Shear production

$$\overline{\xi'_i \xi'_j} \frac{\partial \bar{u}_i}{\partial x_j} = - \left[k_\xi \left(\frac{\partial \bar{\xi}_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial \bar{\xi}_j}{\partial x_i} \right) - \frac{2}{3} \delta_{ij} e \right] \frac{\partial \bar{u}_i}{\partial x_j},$$

$$\text{and } - \overline{\xi'_i u'_j} \frac{\partial \bar{\xi}_i}{\partial x_j} = - \left(k_\xi \frac{\partial \bar{u}_j}{\partial x_i} + k_m \frac{\partial \bar{\xi}_i}{\partial x_j} - \frac{1}{3} \delta_{ij} \overline{u_l \xi_l} \right) \frac{\partial \bar{\xi}_i}{\partial x_j}$$

$k_\xi = c_2 l e^{1/2}$: subgrid-scale eddy coefficient for vorticity.

Buoyancy production

$$-\overline{\xi'_2 \frac{\partial B'}{\partial x_1}} + \overline{\xi'_1 \frac{\partial B'}{\partial x_2}} = k_{h\xi} \frac{\partial^2 \bar{B}}{\partial x_1 \partial x_3} - k_{h\xi} \frac{\partial^2 \bar{B}}{\partial x_2 \partial x_3}$$

$$k_{h\xi} = (1 + 2l / \Delta s) \cdot k_{\xi}:$$

eddy coefficient for scalar quantities.

Δs : grid-spacing

Twisting and Deformation

$$\overline{\xi_j \xi_i'} \frac{\partial u_i'}{\partial x_j} = -k_\xi \overline{\xi_j} \frac{\partial \bar{u}_i}{\partial x_j}$$

$\overline{\xi_j \xi_i'} \frac{\partial u_i'}{\partial x_j}$ is one-order of magnitude smaller,

and is neglected.

Dissipation

$$\varepsilon_e = c_3 e / \tau$$

$c_3 = 0.19 + 0.51l / \Delta s$: a coefficient

$\tau = \frac{1}{e^{1/2}}$: a dissipation time-scale.

Turbulence fluxes and circulation

$$\overline{w'T'} \leftrightarrow \overline{\xi_1'T'} = \overline{\left(\frac{\partial w'}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial v'}{\partial z} \right) T'}$$

$$\overline{w'T'} = -k_h \frac{\partial \bar{T}}{\partial z} \quad \text{and} \quad \overline{\xi_1'T'} = -k_{h\xi} \frac{\partial \bar{T}}{\partial z}$$

$$\overline{w'T'} = l \overline{\xi_1'T'}$$

Nonlocal circulation

$$\overline{\xi' T'} = -k_{h\xi} \left(\frac{\partial \bar{T}}{\partial z} - \gamma \right)$$

nonlocal term $\gamma = \overline{c w' T'_s} / (z_i w_s)$

Conclusions and discussion

- Derived and parameterized TE equation and various terms
 1. Avoid pressure redistribution term
 2. Obtain dissipation time-scale directly
- Discussed turbulence and nonlocal circulation