

# MMFhr

Do high resolution MMF simulations give better  
boundary layer cloud?

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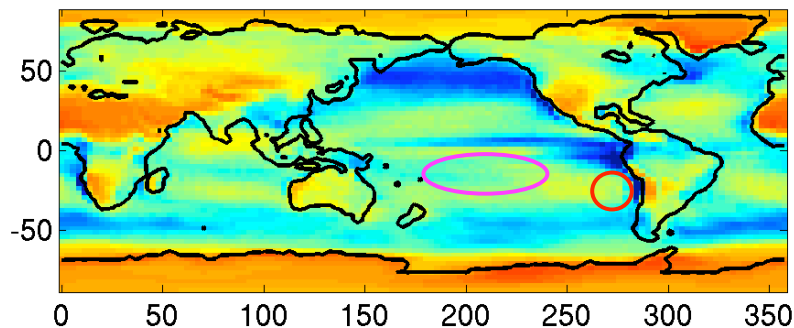
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# SP-CAM cloud climatology

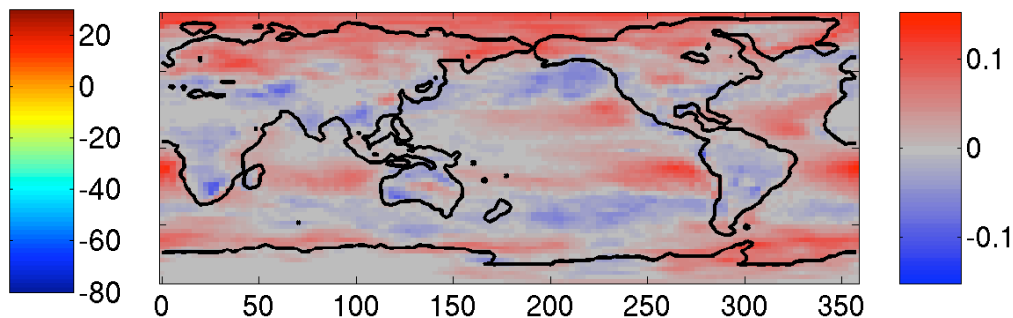
SP-CAM MMF: 30 levels,  $\Delta x = 4$  km

- Under-resolves boundary-layer Cu & Sc
- Climatological **bright trade Cu**/**dim Sc** bias
- Strong increase in low cloud for a 2K SST increase

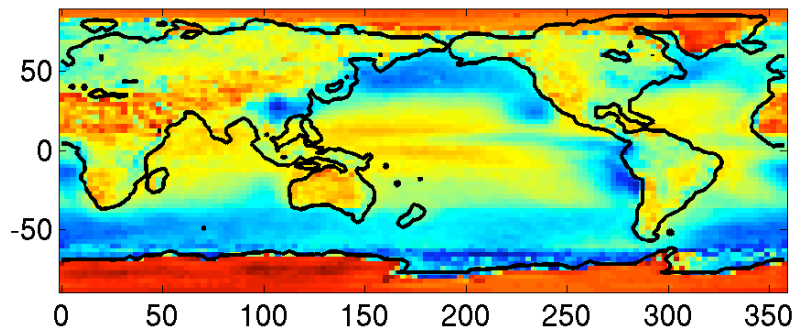
Annual SP-CAM Net cloud forcing,  $W/m^2$



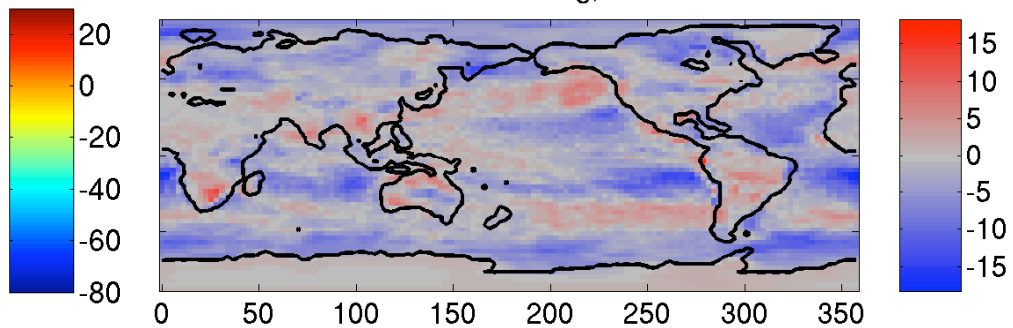
$\Delta$  Low Cloud



ERBE Net Cloud Forcing,  $W/m^2$



$\Delta$  Net Cloud Forcing,  $W m^{-2}$



# Sensitivity of low cloud amount to CRM resolution



## Control

- 4 km horizontal
- 64 columns
- 26 vertical layers

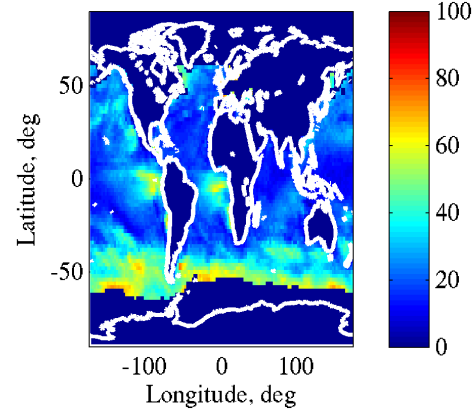
## • Test A

- 1 km horizontal
- 64 & 128 columns
- 26 vertical layers

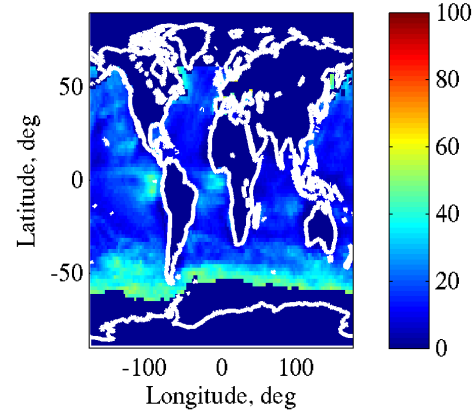
## • Test B

- 1 km horizontal
- 64 columns
- 52 vertical layers

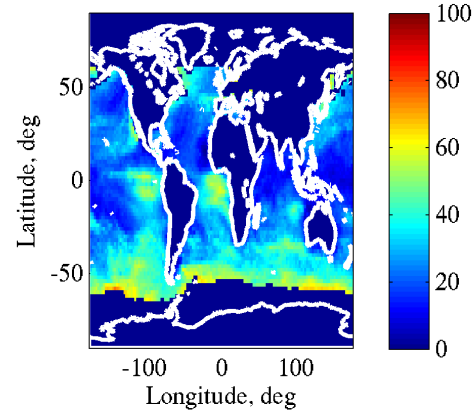
Sim. 4km L26 Cloud Fraction (CTH<3 km, tau>0.3)



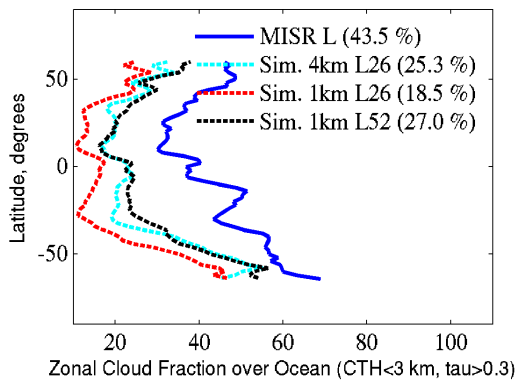
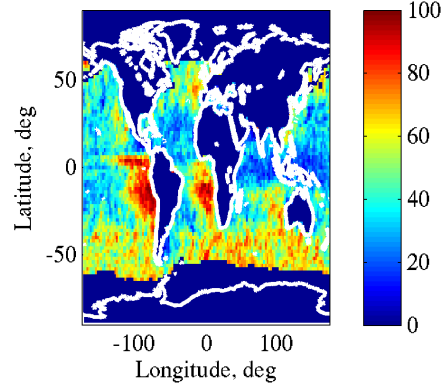
Sim. 1km L26 Cloud Fraction (CTH<3 km, tau>0.3)



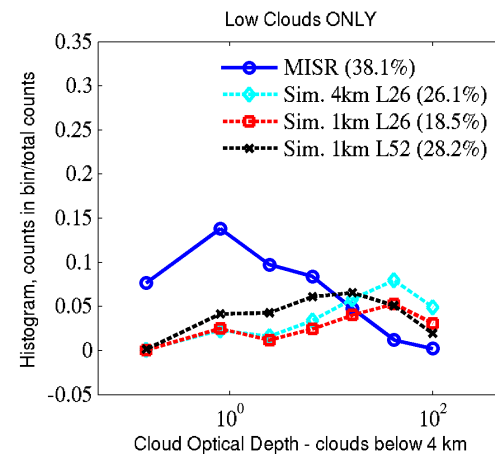
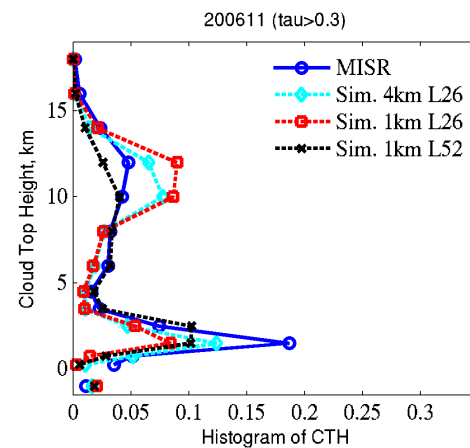
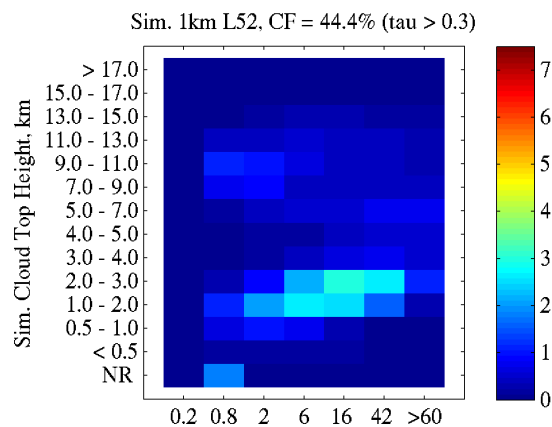
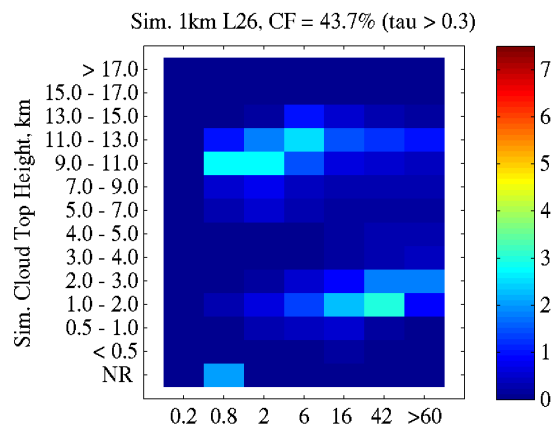
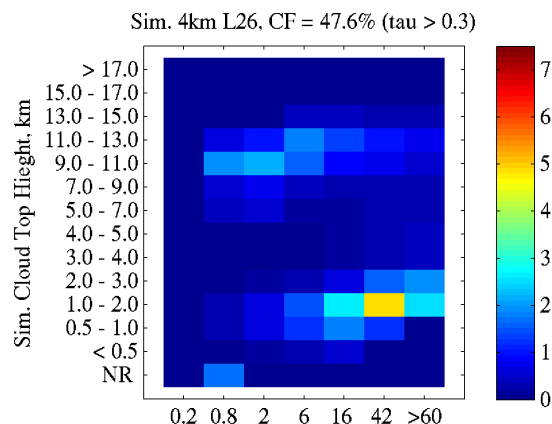
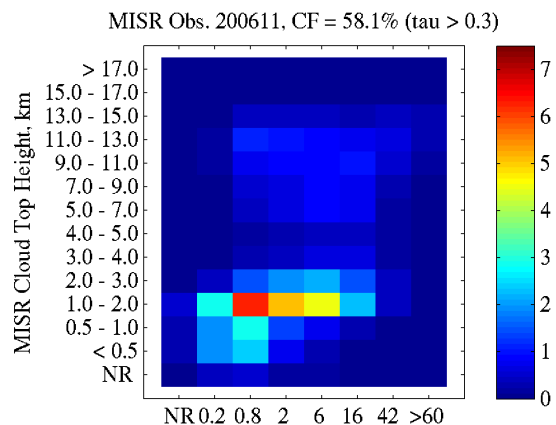
Sim. 1km L52 Cloud Fraction (CTH<3 km, tau>0.3)



MISR L Cloud Fraction (CTH<3 km, tau>0.3)



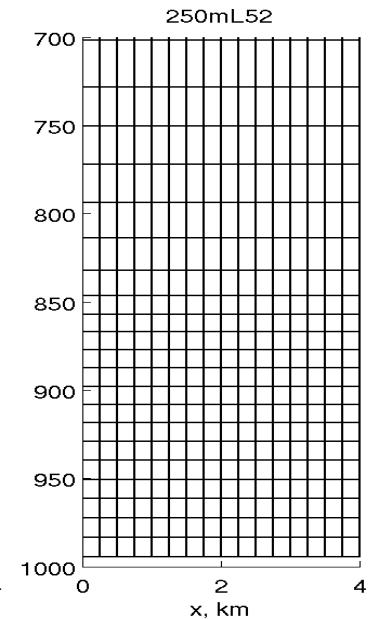
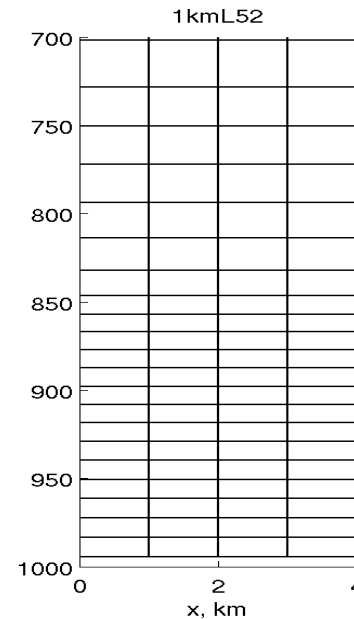
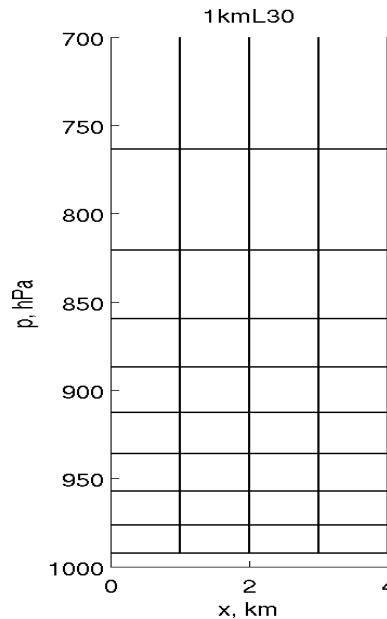
# Hawaiian Trade Cumulus



# Could further resolution improvement help?

- For trade Cu, LES suggests  $\Delta x, \Delta z = 250, 100$  m adequate
  - For Sc, sharp inversion requires  $\Delta z \ll 5$  m or kluges in SAM.
- ⇒ Goal: Better trade Cu in MMF

Expt	$N_x$	T [d]
1kmL30	64	9
1kmL52	64	9
250mL52	128	2

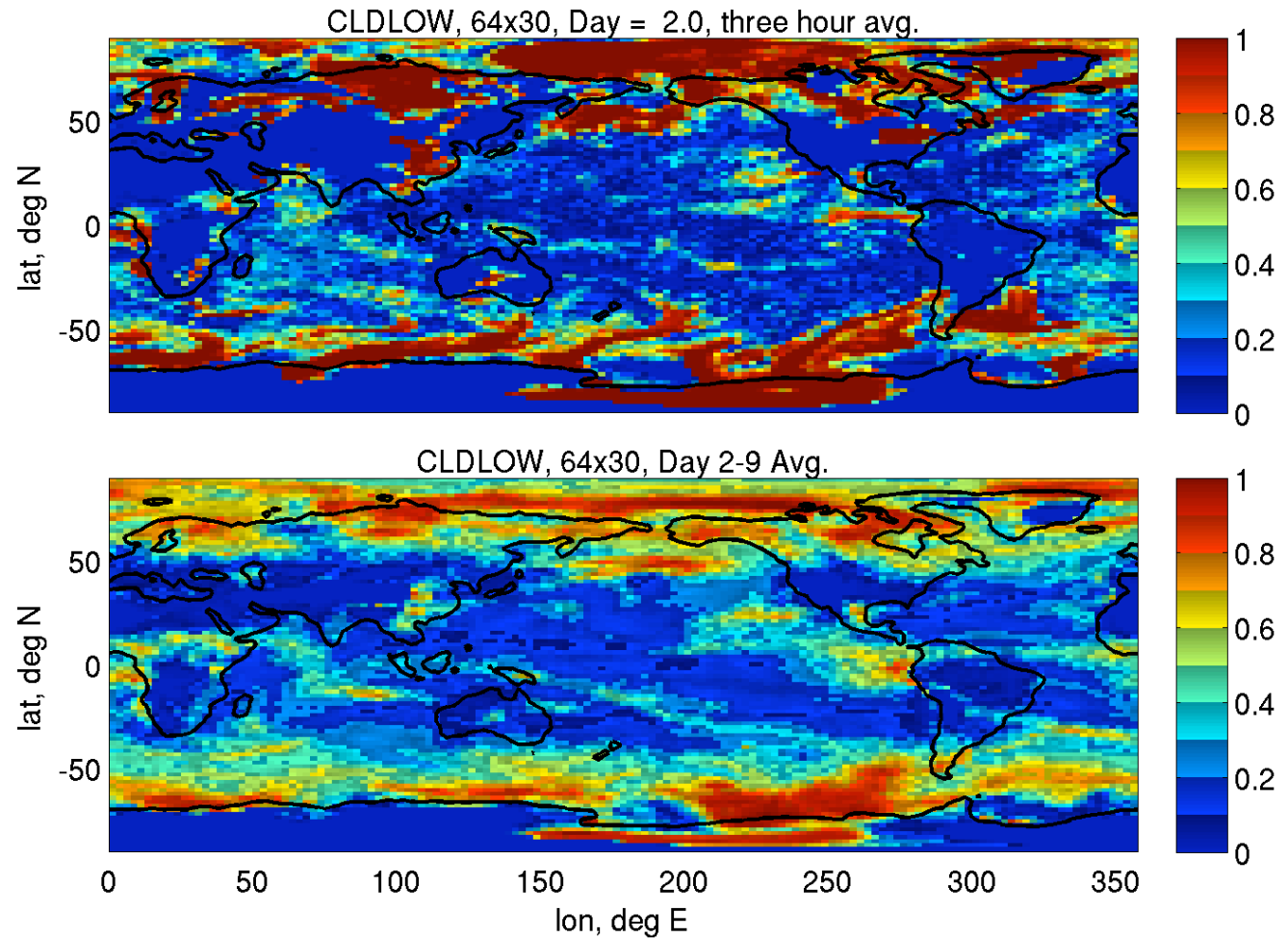


Pilot runs show

- Month-long L52 runs at 250 m resolutions are feasible.
- Main bottleneck is writing restart files .

# Analysis strategy

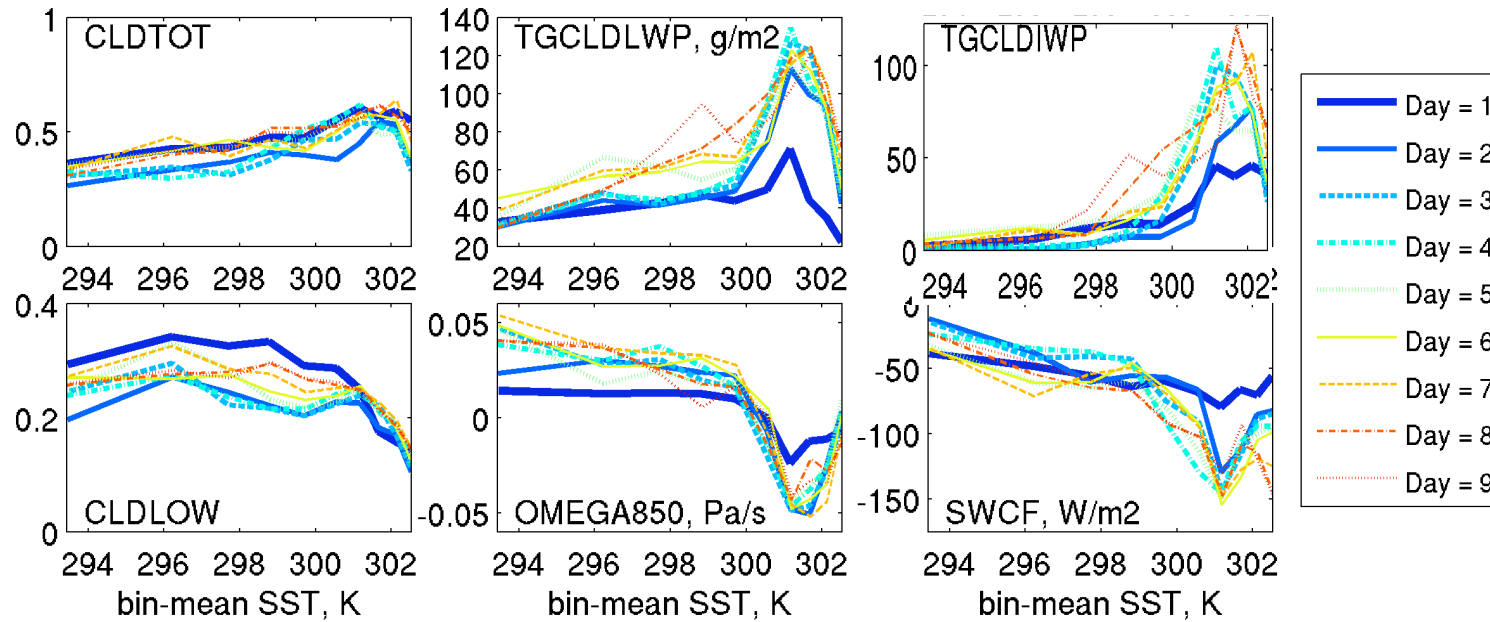
Low cloud field is noisy and synoptically modulated



SO:

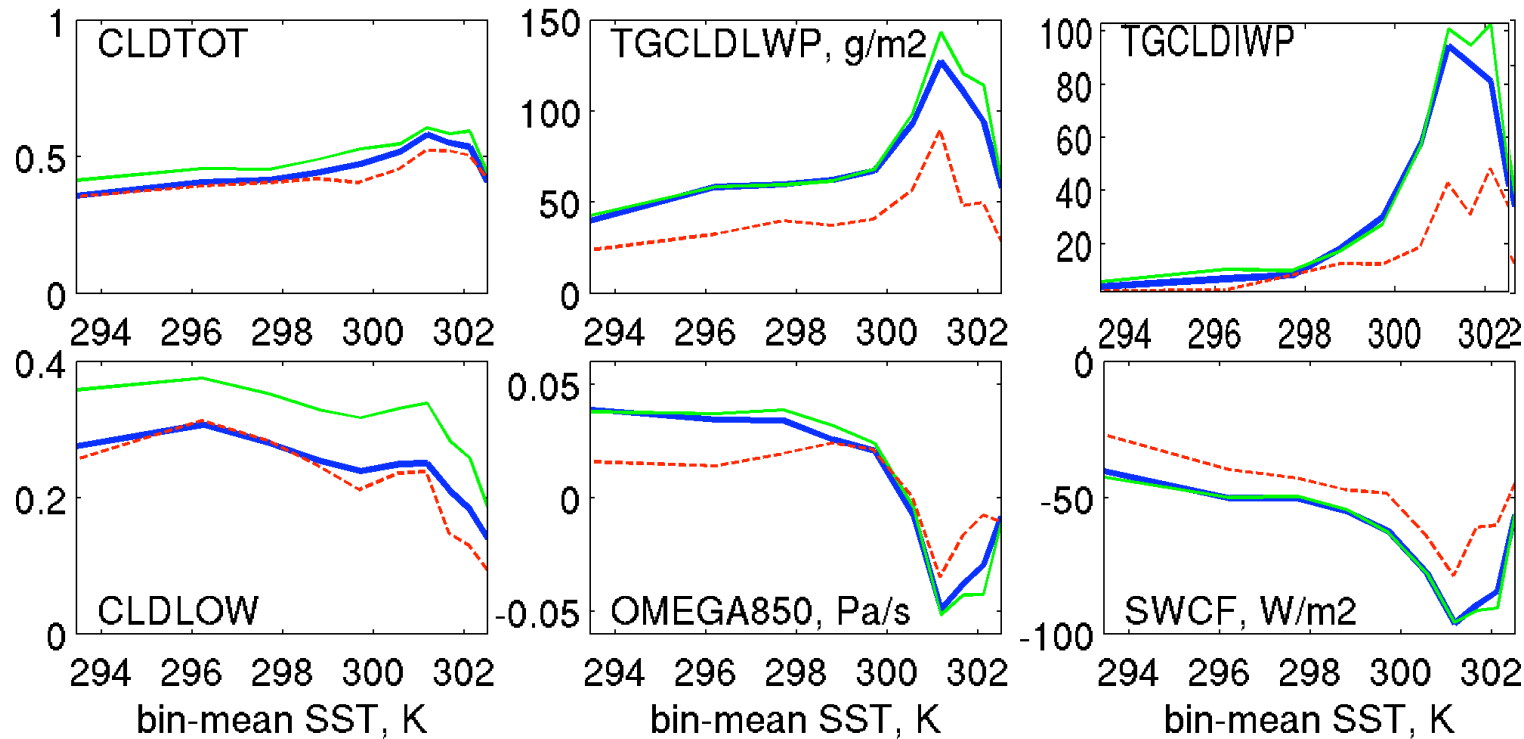
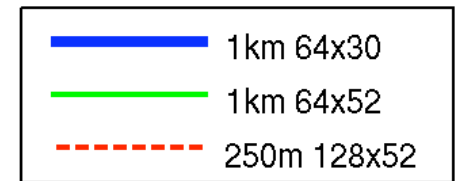
- Average over deciles of SST in 30S-30N.
- Plot daily averages to look for spinup.

# SST 1kmL30 decile-sorted daily averages



- Cloud statistics spin up rapidly.

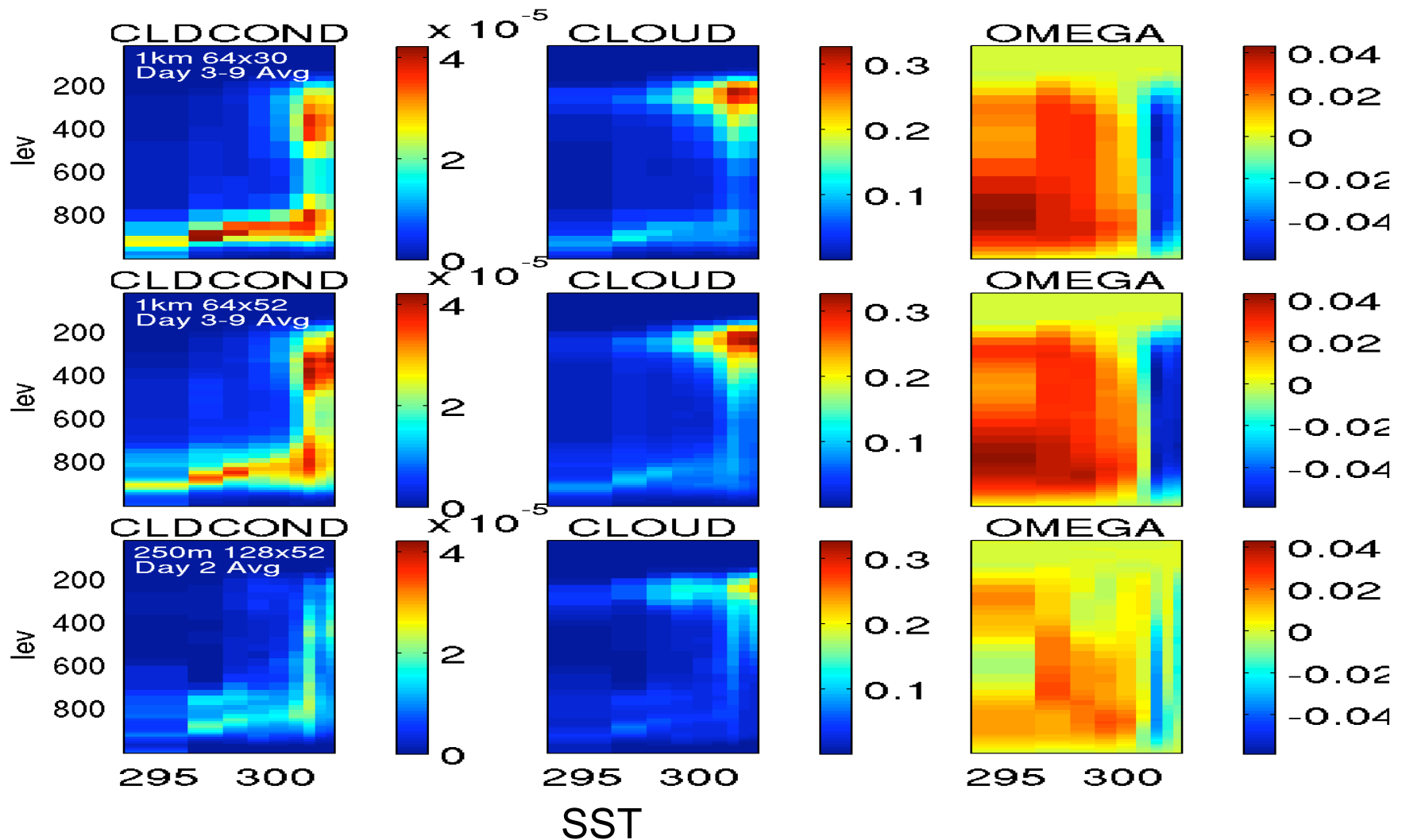
# Time-mean resolution comparison



- Caveat: 250m run is not fully spun up (only day 2 shown)
- Smaller  $\Delta z$  increases low cloud cover
- Smaller  $\Delta x$  decreases low cloud cover, LWP, |SWCF| in all regimes consistent with narrower, better-resolved shallow cumuli.
- No runs exhibit a clear stratocumulus low cloud max at low SST.



# SST-binned vertical structure comparisons



- 1 km runs have max cloud just above LCL;
- 250 m run omega not spun up? day 2 has a second condensate peak at inversion base in subsidence regions.

## Conclusions

- MMFhr pilot experiments confirm sensitivity of simulated low cloud and CRF to CRM resolution.

Caveat: Need to run 250m simulation more than 2 days!

- Vertical structure of cloud and condensate seems more realistic at higher vertical/horizontal resolution.
- No Sc decks at any feasible MMFhr resolution with current numerics/physics.