



# Improving the Representation of Turbulence and Clouds in Coarse-Grid Cloud Resolving Models

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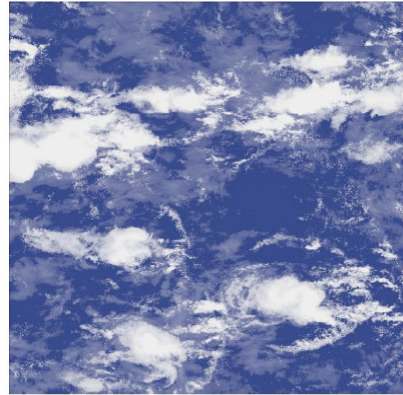


## Who I am

- PhD student at University of Utah (2010)
- M.S. from Florida State University (2005)
- B.S. from Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University (2002)
- From the sticks (Kentucky, yeeeeee-haw!)
- Medium-core outdoors enthusiast
- Enjoy the cheaper things of life (beer, food, ice cream, etc.)

# A Tale of Two Simulations

LES "visible image" 180 km x 180 km



Expensive Simulation



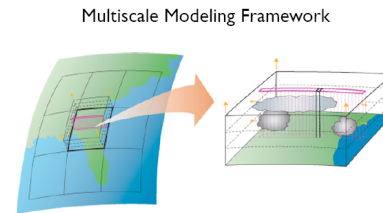
"Grad Student Salary" Simulation



## Clouds In Climate Models

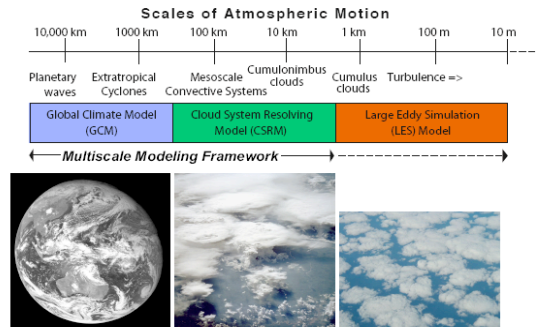


- Importance of clouds in the climate system cannot be overemphasized
- General circulation models have horizontal grid spacings  $\sim 100$  km
- Convection cannot be resolved at these coarse grid spacings
- Superparameterization attempts to explicitly represent the subgrid scale features



# What Could Go Wrong?

- Current computation limits what embedded CRMs can resolve
  - Embedded CRM currently has horizontal resolution of 4 km
- All scales of motion are NOT being resolved



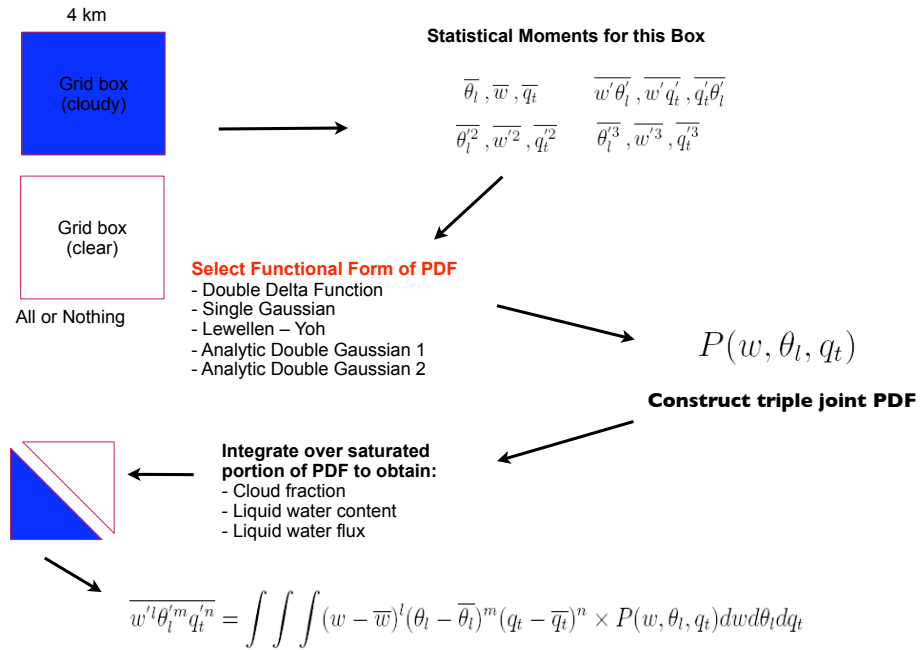


## Improved Parameterizations for Coarse Grid CRMs



- Shallow convection not represented with 4 km horizontal grid spacing
  - Embedded CRM in MMF (SAM) uses the “all or nothing approach”
- Improved parameterization should meet the following two criteria
  - **Should be a unified parameterization**
  - **Should NOT be computationally expensive**
- Focus on coarse grid CRMs. Possibly beyond...

# Assumed PDF method





## PDF Testing



- Extensive testing of assumed PDF performed (paper to be submitted this month)
  - Double Delta Function
  - Single Gaussian
  - Lewellen-Yoh
  - Analytic Double Gaussian I
  - Analytic Double Gaussian II
  - “All or Nothing Approach” (Single Delta Dirac)
- Range of grid volumes tested (0.2 to 204.8 km)
- Three cases tested from high resolution benchmarks
  - BOMEX (shallow convection)
  - Stratocumulus to cumulus transition
  - Giga-LES (large domain deep & shallow convection, mesoscale organization)





## Future Work



- Currently implementing Assumed PDF Method (Analytic Double Gaussian 1) into SAM
- Requires diagnostic/prognostic equations for the input moments
- Once complete, rerun the 100 m benchmarks at coarse resolution (3.2 km)
- Test in the MMF