## Modern Climate Change

**Debunking Common Misconceptions** Climate predictability Climate forcing Climate models Emission "scenarios" & climate of the 21<sup>st</sup> century Responding to "Climate Skeptics"

## Media Myths about Climate Be skeptical ... be very skeptical !

- Concern about global warming is based on recent temperature trends
- "9 of the 10 hottest years on record ..."
- If somebody could find some other cause for recent warming, we could guit worrying
- Global warming is a theory based on complicated computer models
- CO<sub>2</sub> is "air pollution" ... cutting emissions will lead to falling  $\dot{CO}_2$  and therefore cooling
- If we stop burning coal, we'll freeze in the dark!

Global Warming is **Based on Common Sense** 

not computer models .... not recent temperatures ... not complicated!



# Dancing Molecules and Heat Rays!

Nearly all of the air is made of oxygen  $(O_2)$ and nitrogen  $(N_2)$  in which two atoms of the same element share electrons



Infrared (heat) ٠ energy radiated up from the surface can be absorbed by these molecules, but not very well

**Diatomic molecules can** vibrate back and forth like balls on a spring, but the ends are identical

## Dancing Molecules and Heat Rays!

- Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) and water vapor  $(H_2O)$ are different!
- They have many more ways to vibrate and rotate, so they are very good at absorbing and emitting infrared (heat) radiation



Absorption spectrum of CO2 was measured by John Tyndall in 1863











**CMMAP** 





## **Estimating Total Climate Sensitivity**

- At the Last Glacial Maximum
  (~ 18k years ago) surface temp ~ 6 °C colder
- CO<sub>2</sub> was ~ 180 ppm (weaker greenhouse, 4.1 W m<sup>-2</sup> more LW↑)
- Brighter surface due to snow and ice, estimate
  3.4 W m<sup>-2</sup> more reflected solar

$$\lambda = \frac{\Delta T_s}{\Delta F} = \frac{T_s(now) - T_s(then)}{F(now) - F(then)}$$
$$= \frac{6K}{(4.1 + 3.4)Wm^{-2}} = 0.8\frac{K}{Wm^{-2}}$$

Or, for doubling of CO<sub>2</sub>: expect  $4 \times 0.8 = 3.2$  °C of warming



#### Review: 19<sup>th</sup> Century Physics (updated using paleo-data)

- Forcing: changes in properties of atmosphere as measured by spectroscopy (4 W m<sup>-2</sup> per doubling of CO<sub>2</sub>)
- Feedback: both positive and negative, total response to forcing estimated from Ice Age climate data (about 0.8 °C per W m<sup>-2</sup>)
- **Response:** about 3.2 °C warming for  $2 \times CO_2$

No climate models required ... just based on observations (modern calculations agree ... coincidence?)





"Weather tells you what to wear today ... climate tells you what clothes to buy!"

- Climate is an "envelope of possibilities" within which the weather bounces around
- Weather depends very sensitively on the evolution of the system from one moment to the next ("initial conditions")
- Climate is determined by the properties of the Earth system itself (the "boundary conditions")



# **Climate Predictability** · Predicting the response of the climate to a change in the radiative forcing is *not* analogous to weather prediction

- If the change in forcing is large and predictable, the response can also be predictable
- I can't predict the weather in Fort Collins on December 18, 2009 (nobody can!)
- I can predict with 100% confidence that the average temperature in Fort Collins for December, 2009 will be warmer than the average for July!











# BOOM!

- Volcanos release huge amounts of SO2 gas and heat
- SO2 oxidizes to SO4 aerosol and penetrates to stratosphere
- SO4 aerosol interacts with solar radiation







Mt. Pinatubo, 1991



















 A1: Globalized, with very rapid economic growth, low population growth, rapid introduction of more efficient technologies.

A2: very heterogeneous world, with selfreliance and preservation of local identities. Fertility patterns across regions converge very slowly, resulting in high population growth. Economic development is regionally oriented and per capita economic growth & technology more fragmented, slower than other storylines.

B1: convergent world with the same low population growth as in A1, but with rapid changes in economic structures toward a service and information economy, reductions in material intensity, introduction of clean and resource-efficient technologies. The emphasis is on global solutions to economic, social, and environmental sustainability, including improved equity, without additional climate initiatives.

B2: local solutions to economic, social, and environmental sustainability. Moderate population growth, intermediate levels of economic development, and less rapid and more diverse technological change than in B1 and A1.





Scott Denning



















Climate change, CO<sub>2</sub>, and energy will likely be dominant themes in human history for centuries, much as religious wars, feudalism, colonialism, and industrialization in the previous millenium

## **Climate Skeptics**

- Observed warming in the past is caused by something else
  - Natural cycles (e.g., recovery from Little Ice Age)
  - Changes in the sun
  - Volcanos
  - Etc
- Climate system is too complicated to be predicted, and climate models are too simplistic to represent real physics
- "Conspiracy theories"

# **Responding to Skeptics**

- Observed warming not caused by humans:
  - There hasn't been much warming yet, because CO<sub>2</sub> hasn't increased very much (about 30%)
  - Does that mean that there won't be warming when  $CO_2$  increases by 300%?
- Models are insufficiently complicated:
  - Predictions of warming don't require complicated models, just simple physics
  - Predicting that climate will not change if we double or triple CO<sub>2</sub> requires some kind of huge offsetting forcing ("follow the energy")
  - Complicated models don't show any such thing
  - Observations favor the simple solution